

LegendreP2General

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Notations

Traditional name

Associated Legendre function of the first kind of type 2

Traditional notation

$$P_v^\mu(z)$$

Mathematica StandardForm notation

LegendreP[ν , μ , 2, z]

Primary definition

07.08.02.0001.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-\nu, \nu+1; 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2}\right)$$

The function LegendreP[$\nu, \mu, 2, z$] is the analytic continuation of the function LegendreP[ν, μ, z] from the unit disk $|z| < 1$ to the cut complex plane. Inside the unit disk they coincide by definition. Outside they also coincide because LegendreP[ν, μ, z] is analytically continued and cut in the same manner.

Specific values

Specialized values

For fixed ν, μ

07.08.03.0001.01

$$P_v^\mu(0) = \frac{2^\mu \sqrt{\pi}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1-\mu-\nu}{2}\right)\Gamma\left(1-\frac{\mu-\nu}{2}\right)}$$

07.08.03.0002.01

$$P_v^\mu(1) = 0 \text{ ; } \operatorname{Re}(\mu) < 0 \vee \mu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.03.0003.01

$$P_v^\mu(1) = \infty \text{ ; } \operatorname{Re}(\mu) > 0 \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.03.0004.01

$$P_v^\mu(1) = i \text{ ; } \operatorname{Re}(\mu) = 0 \wedge \mu \neq 0$$

07.08.03.0005.01

$$P_v^{\mu}(-1) = \infty ; v \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

For fixed ν, z

07.08.03.0006.01

$$P_v^0(z) = P_v(z)$$

07.08.03.0007.01

$$P_v^{-\nu-1}(z) = \frac{2^{\nu+1}}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\nu+1}{2}} B_{\frac{1-z}{2}}(\nu+1, \nu+1)$$

07.08.03.0008.01

$$P_v^{-\nu}(z) = \frac{2^{-\nu}}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} (1-z^2)^{\nu/2}$$

07.08.03.0009.01

$$P_v^{\nu}(z) = \frac{2^{-\nu}}{\Gamma(-\nu)} (1-z^2)^{\nu/2} B_{\frac{1-z}{2}}(-\nu, -\nu)$$

07.08.03.0010.01

$$P_v^{\nu+1}(z) = \frac{2^{\nu+1}}{\Gamma(-\nu)} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\nu+1}{2}}$$

07.08.03.0093.01

$$P_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\cos\left(\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right) \cos^{-1}(z)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{1-z^2}}$$

For fixed μ, z

07.08.03.0011.01

$$P_0^{\mu}(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0012.01

$$P_1^{\mu}(z) = \frac{z-\mu}{\Gamma(2-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0013.01

$$P_2^{\mu}(z) = \frac{3z^2 - 3\mu z + \mu^2 - 1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0014.01

$$P_3^{\mu}(z) = \frac{15z^3 - 15\mu z^2 + 3(2\mu^2 - 3)z - \mu^3 + 4\mu}{\Gamma(4-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0015.01

$$P_4^{\mu}(z) = \frac{9 + 105z^4 - 105z^3\mu - 10\mu^2 + \mu^4 + 45z^2(\mu^2 - 2) + z(55\mu - 10\mu^3)}{\Gamma(5-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0016.01

$$P_5^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(6-\mu)} \left(-945 z^5 + 64 \mu + 945 z^4 \mu - 20 \mu^3 + \mu^5 + 105 z^2 \mu (\mu^2 - 7) - 210 z^3 (2 \mu^2 - 5) - 15 z (15 - 13 \mu^2 + \mu^4) \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0017.01

$$P_6^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(7-\mu)} \left(10395 z^6 - 10395 \mu z^5 + 4725 (\mu^2 - 3) z^4 - 630 \mu (2 \mu^2 - 17) z^3 + 105 (2 \mu^4 - 32 \mu^2 + 45) z^2 - 21 \mu (\mu^4 - 25 \mu^2 + 99) z + (\mu - 5) (\mu - 3) (\mu - 1) (\mu + 1) (\mu + 3) (\mu + 5) \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0018.01

$$P_7^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(8-\mu)} \left(135135 z^7 - 135135 \mu z^6 + 31185 (2 \mu^2 - 7) z^5 - 17325 \mu (\mu^2 - 10) z^4 + 1575 (2 \mu^4 - 38 \mu^2 + 63) z^3 - 189 \mu (2 \mu^4 - 60 \mu^2 + 283) z^2 + 7 (4 \mu^6 - 170 \mu^4 + 1516 \mu^2 - 1575) z - \mu (\mu^6 - 56 \mu^4 + 784 \mu^2 - 2304) \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0019.01

$$P_8^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(9-\mu)} \left(2027025 z^8 - 2027025 \mu z^7 + 945945 (\mu^2 - 4) z^6 - 135135 \mu (2 \mu^2 - 23) z^5 + 51975 (\mu^4 - 22 \mu^2 + 42) z^4 - 3465 \mu (2 \mu^4 - 70 \mu^2 + 383) z^3 + 315 (2 \mu^6 - 100 \mu^4 + 1043 \mu^2 - 1260) z^2 - 9 \mu (4 \mu^6 - 266 \mu^4 + 4396 \mu^2 - 15159) z + \mu^8 - 84 \mu^6 + 1974 \mu^4 - 12916 \mu^2 + 11025 \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0020.01

$$P_9^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(10-\mu)} \left(34459425 z^9 - 34459425 \mu z^8 + 8108100 (2 \mu^2 - 9) z^7 - 4729725 \mu (\mu^2 - 13) z^6 + 945945 (\mu^4 - 25 \mu^2 + 54) z^5 - 135135 \mu (\mu^4 - 40 \mu^2 + 249) z^4 + 6930 (2 \mu^6 - 115 \mu^4 + 1373 \mu^2 - 1890) z^3 - 495 \mu (2 \mu^6 - 154 \mu^4 + 2933 \mu^2 - 11601) z^2 + 45 (\mu^8 - 98 \mu^6 + 2674 \mu^4 - 20217 \mu^2 + 19845) z - \mu (\mu^8 - 120 \mu^6 + 4368 \mu^4 - 52480 \mu^2 + 147456) \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0021.01

$$P_{10}^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(11-\mu)} \left(654729075 z^{10} - 654729075 \mu z^9 + 310134825 (\mu^2 - 5) z^8 - 45945900 \mu (2 \mu^2 - 29) z^7 + 9459450 (2 \mu^4 - 56 \mu^2 + 135) z^6 - 2837835 \mu (\mu^4 - 45 \mu^2 + 314) z^5 + 315315 (\mu^6 - 65 \mu^4 + 874 \mu^2 - 1350) z^4 - 12870 \mu (2 \mu^6 - 175 \mu^4 + 3773 \mu^2 - 16830) z^3 + 1485 (\mu^8 - 112 \mu^6 + 3479 \mu^4 - 29828 \mu^2 + 33075) z^2 - 55 \mu (\mu^8 - 138 \mu^6 + 5754 \mu^4 - 78877 \mu^2 + 251865) z + \mu^{10} - 165 \mu^8 + 8778 \mu^6 - 172810 \mu^4 + 1057221 \mu^2 - 893025 \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

07.08.03.0022.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2} \right)^k ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.03.0023.01

$$P_{-n}^{\mu}(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(1-n)_k (n)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.03.0024.01

$$P_n^{\mu}(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu) (z+1)^{\mu/2}}{\Gamma(-n-\mu) \Gamma(n-\mu+1) (1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{|n|+\theta(n)-1} \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{(\mu+1)_k k!} \left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right)^k ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.03.0025.01

$$P_n^{\mu}(z) = \frac{(-1)^n 2^{-n}}{n!} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2-n}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(2n-k)! (-n)_k}{k! \Gamma(n-k-\mu+1)} \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.03.0026.01

$$P_n^m(z) = 0 ; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge n < m$$

For fixed z

07.08.03.0027.01

$$P_0^0(z) = 1$$

07.08.03.0028.01

$$P_1^0(z) = z$$

07.08.03.0029.01

$$P_1^1(z) = -\sqrt{1-z^2}$$

07.08.03.0030.01

$$P_2^0(z) = \frac{1}{2} (3z^2 - 1)$$

07.08.03.0031.01

$$P_2^1(z) = -3z \sqrt{1-z^2}$$

07.08.03.0032.01

$$P_2^2(z) = 3 - 3z^2$$

07.08.03.0033.01

$$P_3^0(z) = \frac{1}{2} z (5z^2 - 3)$$

07.08.03.0034.01

$$P_3^1(z) = -\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{1-z^2} (5z^2 - 1)$$

07.08.03.0035.01

$$P_3^2(z) = -15(z-1)z(1+z)$$

07.08.03.0036.01

$$P_3^3(z) = -15(1-z^2)^{3/2}$$

07.08.03.0037.01

$$P_4^0(z) = \frac{1}{8} (3 - 30z^2 + 35z^4)$$

07.08.03.0038.01

$$P_4^1(z) = -\frac{5}{2} z \sqrt{1-z^2} (7z^2-3)$$

07.08.03.0039.01

$$P_4^2(z) = -\frac{15}{2} (z-1)(z+1)(7z^2-1)$$

07.08.03.0040.01

$$P_4^3(z) = -105 z (1-z^2)^{3/2}$$

07.08.03.0041.01

$$P_4^4(z) = 105 (z^2-1)^2$$

07.08.03.0042.01

$$P_5^0(z) = \frac{1}{8} z (15-70z^2+63z^4)$$

07.08.03.0043.01

$$P_5^1(z) = -\frac{15}{8} \sqrt{1-z^2} (21z^4-14z^2+1)$$

07.08.03.0044.01

$$P_5^2(z) = -\frac{105}{2} (z-1)z(z+1)(3z^2-1)$$

07.08.03.0045.01

$$P_5^3(z) = -\frac{105}{2} (1-z^2)^{3/2} (9z^2-1)$$

07.08.03.0046.01

$$P_5^4(z) = 945 z (z^2-1)^2$$

07.08.03.0047.01

$$P_5^5(z) = -945 (1-z^2)^{5/2}$$

07.08.03.0048.01

$$P_6^0(z) = \frac{1}{16} (231z^6-315z^4+105z^2-5)$$

07.08.03.0049.01

$$P_6^1(z) = -\frac{21}{8} z \sqrt{1-z^2} (33z^4-30z^2+5)$$

07.08.03.0050.01

$$P_6^2(z) = -\frac{105}{8} (z-1)(z+1)(33z^4-18z^2+1)$$

07.08.03.0051.01

$$P_6^3(z) = -\frac{315}{2} z (1-z^2)^{3/2} (11z^2-3)$$

07.08.03.0052.01

$$P_6^4(z) = \frac{945}{2} (z^2-1)^2 (11z^2-1)$$

07.08.03.0053.01

$$P_6^5(z) = -10395 z (1 - z^2)^{5/2}$$

07.08.03.0054.01

$$P_6^6(z) = 10395 (1 - z^2)^3$$

07.08.03.0055.01

$$P_7^0(z) = \frac{1}{16} z (429 z^6 - 693 z^4 + 315 z^2 - 35)$$

07.08.03.0056.01

$$P_7^1(z) = -\frac{7}{16} \sqrt{1 - z^2} (429 z^6 - 495 z^4 + 135 z^2 - 5)$$

07.08.03.0057.01

$$P_7^2(z) = -\frac{63}{8} (z - 1) z (z + 1) (143 z^4 - 110 z^2 + 15)$$

07.08.03.0058.01

$$P_7^3(z) = -\frac{315}{8} (1 - z^2)^{3/2} (143 z^4 - 66 z^2 + 3)$$

07.08.03.0059.01

$$P_7^4(z) = \frac{3465}{2} z (z^2 - 1)^2 (13 z^2 - 3)$$

07.08.03.0060.01

$$P_7^5(z) = -\frac{10395}{2} (1 - z^2)^{5/2} (13 z^2 - 1)$$

07.08.03.0061.01

$$P_7^6(z) = 135 135 z (1 - z^2)^3$$

07.08.03.0062.01

$$P_7^7(z) = -135 135 (1 - z^2)^{7/2}$$

07.08.03.0063.01

$$P_8^0(z) = \frac{1}{128} (6435 z^8 - 12012 z^6 + 6930 z^4 - 1260 z^2 + 35)$$

07.08.03.0064.01

$$P_8^1(z) = -\frac{9}{16} z \sqrt{1 - z^2} (715 z^6 - 1001 z^4 + 385 z^2 - 35)$$

07.08.03.0065.01

$$P_8^2(z) = -\frac{315}{16} (z^2 - 1) (143 z^6 - 143 z^4 + 33 z^2 - 1)$$

07.08.03.0066.01

$$P_8^3(z) = -\frac{3465}{8} z (1 - z^2)^{3/2} (39 z^4 - 26 z^2 + 3)$$

07.08.03.0067.01

$$P_8^4(z) = \frac{10395}{8} (z^2 - 1)^2 (65 z^4 - 26 z^2 + 1)$$

07.08.03.0068.01

$$P_8^5(z) = -\frac{135\,135}{2} z(1-z^2)^{5/2} (5z^2-1)$$

07.08.03.0069.01

$$P_8^6(z) = -\frac{135\,135}{2} (z^2-1)^3 (15z^2-1)$$

07.08.03.0070.01

$$P_8^7(z) = -2\,027\,025 z(1-z^2)^{7/2}$$

07.08.03.0071.01

$$P_8^8(z) = 2\,027\,025 (z^2-1)^4$$

07.08.03.0072.01

$$P_9^0(z) = \frac{1}{128} z(12\,155 z^8 - 25\,740 z^6 + 18\,018 z^4 - 4\,620 z^2 + 315)$$

07.08.03.0073.01

$$P_9^1(z) = -\frac{45}{128} \sqrt{1-z^2} (2431 z^8 - 4004 z^6 + 2002 z^4 - 308 z^2 + 7)$$

07.08.03.0074.01

$$P_9^2(z) = -\frac{495}{16} (z-1)z(z+1)(221 z^6 - 273 z^4 + 91 z^2 - 7)$$

07.08.03.0075.01

$$P_9^3(z) = -\frac{3465}{16} (1-z^2)^{3/2} (221 z^6 - 195 z^4 + 39 z^2 - 1)$$

07.08.03.0076.01

$$P_9^4(z) = \frac{135\,135}{8} (z^2-1)^2 (17 z^5 - 10 z^3 + z)$$

07.08.03.0077.01

$$P_9^5(z) = -\frac{135\,135}{8} (1-z^2)^{5/2} (85 z^4 - 30 z^2 + 1)$$

07.08.03.0078.01

$$P_9^6(z) = -\frac{675\,675}{2} z(z^2-1)^3 (17 z^2 - 3)$$

07.08.03.0079.01

$$P_9^7(z) = -\frac{2\,027\,025}{2} (1-z^2)^{7/2} (17 z^2 - 1)$$

07.08.03.0080.01

$$P_9^8(z) = 34\,459\,425 z(z^2-1)^4$$

07.08.03.0081.01

$$P_9^9(z) = -34\,459\,425 (1-z^2)^{9/2}$$

07.08.03.0082.01

$$P_{10}^0(z) = \frac{1}{256} (46\,189 z^{10} - 109\,395 z^8 + 90\,090 z^6 - 30\,030 z^4 + 3465 z^2 - 63)$$

07.08.03.0083.01

$$P_{10}^1(z) = -\frac{55}{128} z \sqrt{1-z^2} (4199 z^8 - 7956 z^6 + 4914 z^4 - 1092 z^2 + 63)$$

07.08.03.0084.01

$$P_{10}^2(z) = -\frac{495}{128} (z^2 - 1) (4199 z^8 - 6188 z^6 + 2730 z^4 - 364 z^2 + 7)$$

07.08.03.0085.01

$$P_{10}^3(z) = -\frac{6435}{16} z (1-z^2)^{3/2} (323 z^6 - 357 z^4 + 105 z^2 - 7)$$

07.08.03.0086.01

$$P_{10}^4(z) = \frac{45\,045}{16} (z^2 - 1)^2 (323 z^6 - 255 z^4 + 45 z^2 - 1)$$

07.08.03.0087.01

$$P_{10}^5(z) = -\frac{135\,135}{8} z (1-z^2)^{5/2} (323 z^4 - 170 z^2 + 15)$$

07.08.03.0088.01

$$P_{10}^6(z) = -\frac{675\,675}{8} (z^2 - 1)^3 (323 z^4 - 102 z^2 + 3)$$

07.08.03.0089.01

$$P_{10}^7(z) = -\frac{11\,486\,475}{2} z (1-z^2)^{7/2} (19 z^2 - 3)$$

07.08.03.0090.01

$$P_{10}^8(z) = \frac{34\,459\,425}{2} (z^2 - 1)^4 (19 z^2 - 1)$$

07.08.03.0091.01

$$P_{10}^9(z) = -654\,729\,075 z (1-z^2)^{9/2}$$

07.08.03.0092.01

$$P_{10}^{10}(z) = 654\,729\,075 (1-z^2)^5$$

General characteristics

Domain and analyticity

$P_\nu^\mu(z)$ is an analytical function of ν , μ and z which is defined over \mathbb{C}^3 . For integer ν , $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ degenerates to a polynomial in z multiplied on function $\frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$.

07.08.04.0001.01

$$(\nu * \mu * 2 * z) \rightarrow P_\nu^\mu(z) :: (\mathbb{C} \otimes \mathbb{C} \otimes \{2\} \otimes \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

Symmetries and periodicities

Parity

07.08.04.0002.01

$$P_{-\nu}^{\mu}(z) = P_{\nu-1}^{\mu}(z)$$

Mirror symmetry

07.08.04.0003.01

$$P_{\nu}^{\mu}(\bar{z}) = \overline{P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)} \quad ; \quad z \notin (-\infty, -1) \wedge z \notin (1, \infty)$$

Periodicity

No periodicity

Poles and essential singularities**With respect to z**

For fixed ν, μ ; $\frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, the function $P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)$ does not have poles and essential singularities.

07.08.04.0004.01

$$\text{Sing}_z(P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)) = \{\} \quad ; \quad \frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

For integer ν and integer $\frac{\mu}{2}$, the function $P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)$ is polynomial and has pole of order ν at $z = \infty$ (for $\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$) or order $-\nu - 1$ at $z = \infty$ (for $-\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$).

07.08.04.0005.01

$$\text{Sing}_z(P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)) = \{\infty, \nu\} \quad ; \quad \frac{\mu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.04.0006.01

$$\text{Sing}_z(P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)) = \{\infty, -\nu - 1\} \quad ; \quad \frac{\mu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge -\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

With respect to μ

For fixed ν, z , the function $P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)$ has only one singular point at $\mu = \infty$. It is an essential singular point. .

07.08.04.0007.01

$$\text{Sing}_{\mu}(P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)) = \{\infty, \infty\}$$

With respect to ν

For fixed μ, z , the function $P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)$ has only one singular point at $\nu = \infty$. It is an essential singular point. .

07.08.04.0008.01

$$\text{Sing}_{\nu}(P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)) = \{\infty, \infty\}$$

Branch points**With respect to z**

For fixed generic ν, μ ; $\frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ has three branch points: $z = -1$, $z = 1$ and $z = \infty$. For fixed noninteger ν and integer $\frac{\mu}{2}$, the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ has two branch points: $z = -1$ and $z = \infty$. For fixed integers ν and integers $\frac{\mu}{2}$, the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ does not have branch points.

07.08.04.0009.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{-1, 1, \infty\} ; \frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.04.0010.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{-1, \infty\} ; \nu \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\mu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.04.0011.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{\} ; \nu \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\mu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.04.0012.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z), -1) = \log ; \mu \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \mu \notin \mathbb{Q}$$

07.08.04.0013.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z), -1) = s ; \mu = \frac{r}{s} \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge s - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge \gcd(r, s) = 1$$

07.08.04.0014.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z), 1) = \log ; \frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Q}$$

07.08.04.0015.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z), \infty) = \log ; \nu + \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \vee \nu \notin \mathbb{Q}$$

07.08.04.0016.01

$$\mathcal{R}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z), \infty) = s ; \nu = \frac{r}{s} \wedge \{r, s\} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge s > 2 \wedge \gcd(r, s) = 1$$

With respect to μ

For fixed ν, z , the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ does not have branch points.

07.08.04.0017.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_\mu(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{\}$$

With respect to ν

For fixed μ, z , the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ does not have branch points.

07.08.04.0018.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_\nu(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{\}$$

Branch cuts

With respect to z

For fixed generic ν, μ /; $\frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$, the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ is a single-valued function on the z -plane cut along the intervals $(-\infty, -1)$ and $(1, \infty)$. The function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ is continuous from above on the interval $(-\infty, -1]$ and from below on the interval $[1, \infty)$.

For fixed noninteger ν and integer $\frac{\mu}{2}$, the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ is a single-valued function on the z -plane cut along the interval $(-\infty, -1)$, where it is continuous from above.

For fixed integers ν and $\frac{\mu}{2}$, the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ is a polynomial and does not have branch cuts.

07.08.04.0019.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{(-\infty, -1), -i\}, \{(1, \infty), i\} /; \frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.04.0020.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{(-\infty, -1), -i\} /; \nu \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\mu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.04.0021.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_z(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{ /; \nu \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{\mu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.04.0022.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} P_\nu^\mu(x + i\epsilon) = P_\nu^\mu(x) /; x < -1$$

07.08.04.0023.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} P_\nu^\mu(x - i\epsilon) = e^{i\mu\pi} P_\nu^\mu(x) + \frac{2i\pi}{\Gamma(1-\mu+\nu)\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)} P_\nu^{-\mu}(-x) /; x < -1$$

07.08.04.0024.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} P_\nu^\mu(x + i\epsilon) = e^{i\pi\mu} P_\nu^\mu(x) /; x > 1$$

07.08.04.0025.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} P_\nu^\mu(x - i\epsilon) = P_\nu^\mu(x) /; x > 1$$

With respect to μ

For fixed ν, z , the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ does not have branch cuts.

07.08.04.0026.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_\mu(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{ /$$

With respect to ν

For fixed μ, z , the function $P_\nu^\mu(z)$ does not have branch cuts.

07.08.04.0027.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_\nu(P_\nu^\mu(z)) = \{ /$$

Series representations

Generalized power series

Expansions at generic point $z = z_0$

For the function itself

07.08.06.0043.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_\nu^\mu(z) = & \frac{\sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - \nu) \Gamma(1 - \mu + \nu)} \left(\frac{1}{1 - z_0} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2} \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (1 - z_0)^{-\frac{1}{2} \mu \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + 1 \right)} \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (z_0 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2} \mu \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + 1 \right)} \\
 & \left(2 i \pi e^{-i \pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 + 1) + \pi}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \Gamma(-\nu) \Gamma(\nu + 1) {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(-\nu, \nu + 1; \mu + 1; \frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \right) - \right. \\
 & \left. \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (z_0 + 1)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{1}{2} (z_0 + 1) \left| \begin{matrix} \nu + 1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right. \right) + \frac{1}{2(z_0^2 - 1)} e^{-i \pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right. \\
 & \left. (z_0 + 1)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(2 i \pi \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 + 1) + \pi}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^\mu (z_0 + 1)^{\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\Gamma(1 - \nu) \Gamma(\nu + 1) (z_0^2 - 1) \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(1 - \nu, \nu + 2; \mu + 2; \frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \right) - 2 \mu \Gamma(-\nu) \Gamma(\nu + 2) {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(-\nu, \nu + 1; \mu + 1; \frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \right) \right) + 2 e^{i \pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \mu \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \nu + 1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right. \right) + (z_0^2 - 1) e^{i \pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \nu, -\nu - 1 \\ 0, -\mu - 1 \end{matrix} \right. \right) \right) (z - z_0) + \dots \Bigg/; (z \rightarrow z_0)
 \end{aligned}$$

07.08.06.0044.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_\nu^\mu(z) = & \frac{\sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - \nu) \Gamma(1 - \mu + \nu)} \left(\frac{1}{1 - z_0} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2} \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (1 - z_0)^{-\frac{1}{2} \mu \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + 1 \right)} \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (z_0 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2} \mu \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + 1 \right)} \\
 & \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^k \sum_{j=0}^i \frac{(-1)^{k-j} 2^{i-k}}{(i-j)! j! (k-i)!} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2} \right)_j \left(\frac{\mu}{2} \right)_{i-j} (1 - z_0)^{j-i} (z_0 + 1)^{-j} \left(2 \pi i (-1)^k e^{-i \pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \right. \\
 & \left. \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 + 1) + \pi}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \Gamma(-i + k - \nu) \Gamma(i + \nu + 1) {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(-i + k - \nu, -i + k + \nu + 1; -i + k + \mu + 1; \frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \right) - \right. \\
 & \left. (-1)^i \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (z_0 + 1)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} i - k + \nu + 1, i - k - \nu \\ 0, i - k - \mu \end{matrix} \right. \right) \right) (z - z_0)^k
 \end{aligned}$$

07.08.06.0045.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_v^\mu(z) = & \frac{\sin(\pi \nu)}{\Gamma(-\mu - \nu) \Gamma(1 - \mu + \nu)} \left(\frac{1}{1 - z_0} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2} \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (1 - z_0)^{-\frac{1}{2} \mu \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + 1 \right)} \\
 & \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (z_0 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2} \mu \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + 1 \right)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^k \sum_{j=0}^i \frac{(-1)^j}{(i - j)! j! (k - i)!} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2} \right)_j \left(\frac{\mu}{2} \right)_{i-j} (1 - z_0)^{j-i} (z_0 + 1)^{-j} \\
 & \left(2^{i-k} \Gamma(-i + k - \nu) (z_0 + 1)^{k+\mu} \left(\csc(\pi \mu) \Gamma(-i + k + \nu + 1) (z_0 + 1)^{-k-\mu-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \right)_+ \right. \\
 & \left. i \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 + 1) + \pi}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \Gamma(i + \nu + 1) \right) {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(-i + k - \nu, -i + k + \nu + 1; -i + k + \mu + 1; \frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \right) - \\
 & 2^\mu \csc(\pi \mu) \Gamma(-\mu - \nu) \Gamma(-\mu + \nu + 1) (z_0 + 1)^i \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (z_0 + 1)^{-k-\mu-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \\
 & \left. {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(-\mu - \nu, -\mu + \nu + 1; i - k - \mu + 1; \frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \right) \right) (z - z_0)^k \quad ; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}
 \end{aligned}$$

07.08.06.0046.01

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_v^\mu(z) = & \frac{\sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - \nu) \Gamma(-\mu + \nu + 1)} \left(\frac{1}{1 - z_0} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2} \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (1 - z_0)^{-\frac{1}{2} \mu \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 - z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + 1 \right)} (z_0 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2} \mu \left(\left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor + 1 \right)} \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \\
 & \left(2 \pi i e^{-i \pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z_0 + 1) + \pi}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \Gamma(-\nu) \Gamma(\nu + 1) {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(-\nu, \nu + 1; \mu + 1; \frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \right) - \right. \\
 & \left. \left(\frac{1}{z_0 + 1} \right)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (z_0 + 1)^{-\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z - z_0)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{z_0 + 1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu + 1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) \right) + O(z - z_0)
 \end{aligned}$$

Expansions on branch cuts

For the function itself

Expansion at a point at the right half-plane branch cut

07.08.06.0047.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{\sin(\pi v)}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(-\mu + v + 1)} e^{-i\pi\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (1-x)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} (x+1)^{\mu/2} \left(G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) + \frac{1}{2(1-x^2)} \left((x^2-1) G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu, -\nu-1 \\ 0, -\mu-1 \end{matrix} \right) + 2\mu G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) \right) (z-x) + \frac{1}{8(x^2-1)^2} \left(G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu-1, -\nu-2 \\ 0, -\mu-2 \end{matrix} \right) (x^2-1)^2 + 4\mu \left((x^2-1) G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu, -\nu-1 \\ 0, -\mu-1 \end{matrix} \right) + (2x+\mu) G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) \right) \right) (z-x)^2 + \dots \right); (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 1$$

07.08.06.0048.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{\sin(\pi v)}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(-\mu + v + 1)} e^{-i\pi\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (1-x)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} (x+1)^{\mu/2} \left(G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) + \frac{1}{2(1-x^2)} \left((x^2-1) G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu, -\nu-1 \\ 0, -\mu-1 \end{matrix} \right) + 2\mu G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) \right) (z-x) + \frac{1}{8(x^2-1)^2} \left(G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu-1, -\nu-2 \\ 0, -\mu-2 \end{matrix} \right) (x^2-1)^2 + 4\mu \left((x^2-1) G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu, -\nu-1 \\ 0, -\mu-1 \end{matrix} \right) + (2x+\mu) G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) \right) \right) (z-x)^2 + O((z-x)^3) \right); x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 1$$

07.08.06.0049.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{\sin(\pi v)}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(1 - \mu + v)} e^{-\pi i \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (x+1)^{\frac{\mu}{2}} (1-x)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^k \sum_{j=0}^i \frac{(-1)^{i-j+k} 2^{i-k} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j \left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_{i-j}}{(i-j)! j! (k-i)!} G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} i-k+\nu+1, i-k-\nu \\ 0, i-k-\mu \end{matrix} \right) (z-x)^k; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 1$$

07.08.06.0050.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{\sin(\pi v) \csc(\pi \mu)}{\Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(1 - \mu + v)} e^{-\pi i \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (x+1)^{\frac{\mu}{2}} (1-x)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^k \sum_{j=0}^i \frac{(-1)^j 2^{i-k}}{(i-j)! j! (k-i)!} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j \left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_{i-j} (1-x)^{j-i} (x+1)^{-j} \left(2^{-i+k+\mu} (x+1)^{i-k-\mu} \Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(1 - \mu + v) {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(-\mu - v, -\mu + v + 1; i - k - \mu + 1; \frac{x+1}{2} \right) - \Gamma(-i+k-\nu) \Gamma(1 - i + k + v) {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(-i + k - \nu, -i + k + v + 1; -i + k + \mu + 1; \frac{x+1}{2} \right) \right) (z-x)^k; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 1$$

07.08.06.0051.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{\sin(\pi v)}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(1 - \mu + v)} e^{-i\pi\mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(x-z)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} (1-x)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} (x+1)^{\mu/2} G_{2,2}^{2,2} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) + O(z-x); x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 1$$

Expansion at a point at the left half-plane branch cut

07.08.06.0052.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{\sin(\pi v)}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(-\mu + v + 1)} (1-x)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{\mu}{2}} e^{\pi i \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(2\pi^2 i e^{-i\pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \csc(\pi v) {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-v, v+1; \mu+1; \frac{x+1}{2}\right) - e^{-2i\pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} G_{2,2}\left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} v+1, -v \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) + \frac{1}{2(x^2-1)} e^{-2i\pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(2 e^{i\pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} i \pi^2 \csc(\pi v) \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left((x^2-1)v {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(1-v, v+2; \mu+2; \frac{x+1}{2}\right) + 2\mu(v+1) {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-v, v+1; \mu+1; \frac{x+1}{2}\right) \right) + (x^2-1) G_{2,2}\left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} v, -v-1 \\ 0, -\mu-1 \end{matrix} \right) + 2\mu G_{2,2}\left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} v+1, -v \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) \right) (z-x) + \dots \right) /; (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < -1$$

07.08.06.0053.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(-\mu + v + 1)} \sin(\pi v) (1-x)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{\mu}{2}} e^{\pi i \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^k \sum_{j=0}^i \frac{(-1)^{k-j} 2^{i-k}}{(i-j)! j! (k-i)!} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j \left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_{i-j} (1-x)^{j-i} (x+1)^{-j} \left(2\pi i (-1)^k e^{-i\pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \Gamma(-i+k-v) \Gamma(i+v+1) {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-i+k-v, -i+k+v+1; -i+k+\mu+1; \frac{x+1}{2}\right) - (-1)^i e^{-2\pi i \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} G_{2,2}\left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} i-k+v+1, i-k-v \\ 0, i-k-\mu \end{matrix} \right) \right) (z-x)^k /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < -1$$

07.08.06.0054.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{\sin(\pi v)}{\Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(-\mu + v + 1)} (1-x)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{\mu}{2}} e^{\pi i \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^k \sum_{j=0}^i \frac{(-1)^j 2^{i-k}}{(i-j)! j! (k-i)!} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j \left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_{i-j} (1-x)^{j-i} (x+1)^{-j} \left(\left(2i e^{-i\pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor \Gamma(i+v+1) \Gamma(-i+k-v) + \csc(\pi \mu) e^{-2\pi i \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \Gamma(-i+k+v+1) \Gamma(-i+k-v) \right) {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-i+k-v, -i+k+v+1; -i+k+\mu+1; \frac{x+1}{2}\right) - 2^{-i+k+\mu} \csc(\pi \mu) (x+1)^{i-k-\mu} \Gamma(-\mu-v) \Gamma(-\mu+v+1) e^{-2\pi i \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-\mu-v, -\mu+v+1; i-k-\mu+1; \frac{x+1}{2}\right) \right) (z-x)^k /; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < -1$$

07.08.06.0055.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{1}{\pi \Gamma(-\mu - v) \Gamma(-\mu + v + 1)} (1-x)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} (x+1)^{\frac{\mu}{2}} e^{\pi i \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left(2\pi^2 i e^{-i\pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-v, v+1; \mu+1; \frac{x+1}{2}\right) + \sin(\pi v) e^{-2i\pi \mu \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right\rfloor} G_{2,2}\left(\frac{x+1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} v+1, -v \\ 0, -\mu \end{matrix} \right) \right) + O(z-x) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < -1$$

Expansions at $z = 0$

07.08.06.0001.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-v)_k (v+1)_k \left(\frac{\mu}{2} - k\right)_m \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j (-1)^j z^{j+m}}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k! m! j! 2^k} /; |z| < 1$$

07.08.06.0002.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{\mu}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-v)_k (v+1)_k \left(\frac{\mu}{2} + 1\right)_m \left(1 - \frac{\mu}{2}\right)_k \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j (-1)^{j+k} z^{j+k+m+1}}{(2)_{k+m} \Gamma(k - \mu + 1) k! j! 2^k} +$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-v)_{k+m} (v+1)_{k+m} \left(m - \frac{\mu}{2} + 1\right)_k \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j (-z)^{j+k}}{\Gamma(k+m - \mu + 1) (k+m)! k! j! 2^{k+m}} ; |z| < 1$$

07.08.06.0003.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{\mu z}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)! \left(\frac{\mu}{2} + 1\right)_k z^k {}_1F_0\left(-\frac{\mu}{2}; ; -z\right) {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(-v, v+1, 1 - \frac{\mu}{2}; k+2, 1-\mu; -\frac{z}{2}\right) +$$

$$\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{\mu}{2}\right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_k (-z)^k \tilde{F}_{2 \times 1 \times 0}^{3 \times 1 \times 0}\left(-v, v+1, 1 - \frac{\mu}{2}; 1; ; \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{z}{2}\right)$$

07.08.06.0004.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) \propto \frac{2^\mu \sqrt{\pi}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1-\mu-v}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{\mu-v}{2}\right)} (1 + O(z)) ; (z \rightarrow 0)$$

07.08.06.0005.01

$$P_n^m(z) = (-1)^m (1 - z^2)^{m/2} 2^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} \binom{2n-2k}{n} (n-m-2k+1)_m z^{n-m-2k} ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.06.0006.01

$$P_n^m(z) \propto (-1)^{m+\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \rfloor} 2^{-n} \binom{n}{\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \rfloor} \binom{2n-2\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \rfloor}{n} \left(n-m-2\left\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \right\rfloor + 1\right)_m z^{n-m-2\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \rfloor} (1 + O(z)) ;$$

$$(z \rightarrow 0) \wedge m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \geq m$$

Expansions at z = 1

07.08.06.0007.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{(-v)(v+1)(z-1)}{2\Gamma(2-\mu)} + \frac{(-v)(1-v)(v+1)(v+2)(z-1)^2}{8\Gamma(3-\mu)} - \dots \right) ; \left| \frac{1-z}{2} \right| < 1$$

07.08.06.0008.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-v)_k (v+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k ; \left| \frac{1-z}{2} \right| < 1$$

07.08.06.0009.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-v, v+1; 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2}\right)$$

07.08.06.0010.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_{k-j} (-v)_j (v+1)_j (z-1)^k}{\Gamma(j-\mu+1) (k-j)! j! 2^k} ; \left| \frac{1-z}{2} \right| < 1$$

07.08.06.0011.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) \propto \frac{2^{\mu/2}}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} (1-z)^{-\mu/2} (1 + O(z-1)) ; (z \rightarrow 1) \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.06.0012.01

$$P_v^m(z) = (1-z^2)^{m/2} 2^{-m} (-v)_m (v+1)_m \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(m-v)_k (m+v+1)_k}{\Gamma(k+m+1) k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k ; m \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.06.0013.01

$$P_v^m(z) \propto -\frac{2^{-\frac{m}{2}} \Gamma(m-v) \Gamma(m+v+1) \sin(\pi v)}{\pi m!} (1-z)^{\frac{m}{2}} (1+O(z-1)) ; (z \rightarrow 1) \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.06.0014.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.06.0015.01

$$P_{-n}^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(1-n)_k (n)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k ; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Expansions at $z = -1$

07.08.06.0016.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-\mu/2} \Gamma(-\mu) (z+1)^{\mu/2}}{\Gamma(-\mu-v) \Gamma(1-\mu+v)} \left(1 + \frac{\mu(1+\mu) - 2v(1+v)}{4(1+\mu)} (z+1) + \frac{\mu(1+\mu)(2+\mu)^2 - 4(2+\mu)(2+\mu)v - 4(1+\mu)^2 v^2 + 8v^3 + 4v^4}{32(1+\mu)(2+\mu)} (z+1)^2 + \dots \right) - \frac{2^{\mu/2} \sin(\pi v) \Gamma(\mu) (z+1)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}}}{\pi} \left(1 + \frac{\mu(1-\mu) + 2v(1+v)}{4(-1+\mu)} (z+1) + \frac{-5\mu^3 + \mu^4 + 4(-1+v)v(1+v)(2+v) - 4\mu^2(-2+v+v^2) + \mu(-4+8v(1+v))}{32(-2+\mu)(-1+\mu)} (z+1)^2 + \dots \right) ; \left| \frac{z+1}{2} \right| < 1 \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0017.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu)}{\Gamma(-\mu-v) \Gamma(v-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-v)_k (v+1)_k}{(\mu+1)_k k!} \left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right)^k - \frac{2^\mu \sin(\pi v) \Gamma(\mu)}{\pi} (1-z^2)^{-\mu/2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(v-\mu+1)_k (-\mu-v)_k}{(1-\mu)_k k!} \left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right)^k ; \left| \frac{z+1}{2} \right| < 1 \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0018.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu)}{\Gamma(-\mu-v) \Gamma(v-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-v, v+1; \mu+1; \frac{z+1}{2}\right) - \frac{2^\mu \sin(\pi v) \Gamma(\mu)}{\pi} (1-z^2)^{-\mu/2} {}_2F_1\left(v-\mu+1, -\mu-v; 1-\mu; \frac{z+1}{2}\right) ; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0019.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu) 2^{-\frac{\mu}{2}}}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)\Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} (z+1)^{\mu/2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{\left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_{k-j} (-\nu)_j (\nu+1)_j 2^{-k} (z+1)^k}{(\mu+1)_j j! (k-j)!} -$$

$$\frac{2^{\mu/2} \sin(\pi\nu)\Gamma(\mu)}{\pi} (z+1)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{\left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_{k-j} (-\mu-\nu)_j (\nu-\mu+1)_j 2^{-k} (z+1)^k}{(1-\mu)_j j! (k-j)!} \quad ; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0020.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) \propto \frac{2^{-\mu/2} \Gamma(-\mu)}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)\Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} (z+1)^{\mu/2} (1+O(z+1)) - \frac{2^{\mu/2} \sin(\pi\nu)\Gamma(\mu)}{\pi} (z+1)^{-\mu/2} (1+O(z+1)) \quad ; (z \rightarrow -1) \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0021.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu) (z+1)^{\mu/2}}{\Gamma(-n-\mu)\Gamma(n-\mu+1)(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{|n+\theta(n)-1|} \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{(\mu+1)_k k!} \left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right)^k \quad ; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0022.01

$$P_v^m(z) = \frac{(-1)^{m-1}}{m! \Gamma(-m-\nu)\Gamma(\nu-m+1)} \log\left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right) \frac{(1+z)^{m/2}}{(1-z)^{m/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-\nu, \nu+1; m+1; \frac{z+1}{2}\right) -$$

$$\frac{2^m \sin(\pi\nu) (m-1)!}{\pi} (1-z^2)^{-m/2} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-m-\nu)_k (\nu-m+1)_k}{k! (1-m)_k} \left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right)^k + \frac{(-1)^m}{\Gamma(-m-\nu)\Gamma(-m+\nu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{m/2}}{(1-z)^{m/2}}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\nu)_k (\nu+1)_k}{k! (k+m)!} (\psi(k+1) + \psi(k+m+1) - \psi(k+\nu+1) - \psi(k-\nu)) \left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right)^k \quad ; \left|\frac{z+1}{2}\right| < 1 \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0023.01

$$P_v^m(z) \propto \frac{(-1)^{m-1} 2^{-\frac{m}{2}}}{m! \Gamma(-m-\nu)\Gamma(\nu-m+1)} (z+1)^{m/2} \left(\log\left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right) - \psi(m+1) + \psi(-\nu) + \psi(\nu+1) + \gamma \right) (1+O(z+1)) -$$

$$\frac{2^{m/2} \sin(\pi\nu) (m-1)!}{\pi} (z+1)^{-\frac{m}{2}} (1+O(z+1)) \quad ; (z \rightarrow -1) \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0024.01

$$P_v^0(z) = \frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{\pi} \log\left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\nu, \nu+1; 1; \frac{z+1}{2}\right) -$$

$$\frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{\pi} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\nu)_k (\nu+1)_k (2\psi(k+1) - \psi(k+\nu+1) - \psi(k-\nu))}{k!^2} \left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right)^k \quad ; \left|\frac{z+1}{2}\right| < 1 \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0025.01

$$P_v^0(z) \propto \frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{\pi} \log\left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right) (1+O(z+1)) + \frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{\pi} (-\pi \cot(\pi\nu) + 2\psi(-\nu) + 2\gamma) (1+O(z+1)) \quad ; (z \rightarrow -1) \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0026.01

$$P_v^{-m}(z) = \frac{2^{-m} (-1)^m \sin(\pi v)}{\pi m!} \log\left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right) (1-z^2)^{m/2} {}_2F_1\left(m+\nu+1, m-\nu; m+1; \frac{z+1}{2}\right) +$$

$$\frac{(m-1)!}{\Gamma(m-\nu)\Gamma(m+\nu+1)} \frac{(1-z)^{m/2}}{(1+z)^{m/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(-v)_k (v+1)_k}{k! (1-m)_k} \left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right)^k - \frac{2^{-m} (-1)^m \sin(\pi v)}{\pi} (1-z^2)^{m/2}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(m-\nu)_k (m+\nu+1)_k}{k! (k+m)!} (\psi(k+1) + \psi(k+m+1) - \psi(k+m+\nu+1) - \psi(k+m-\nu)) \left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right)^k; m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge v \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0027.01

$$P_v^{-m}(z) \propto \frac{2^{m/2} (m-1)!}{\Gamma(m-\nu)\Gamma(m+\nu+1)} (z+1)^{-\frac{m}{2}} (1+O(z+1)) + \frac{(-1)^m 2^{-\frac{m}{2}} \sin(\pi v)}{\pi m!} (z+1)^{m/2}$$

$$\left(\log\left(\frac{z+1}{2}\right) - \psi(m+1) + \psi(m-\nu) + \psi(m+\nu+1) + \gamma\right) (1+O(z+1)); (z \rightarrow -1) \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge v \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Expansions at $z = \infty$

07.08.06.0028.01

$$P_v^{\mu}(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(\frac{2^{\nu} (z-1)^{\nu}}{\Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{\mu-\nu}{1-z} + \frac{(1-\nu)(\mu-\nu)(1+\mu-\nu)}{(1-2\nu)(1-z)^2} + \dots\right) + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2^{-\nu-1} (z-1)^{-\nu-1}}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)} \Gamma\left(-\nu-\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1+\mu+\nu}{1-z} + \frac{(2+\nu)(1+\mu+\nu)(2+\mu+\nu)}{(3+2\nu)(z-1)^2} + \dots\right) \right); \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| > 1 \wedge 2\nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0029.01

$$P_v^{\mu}(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(\frac{2^{\nu} (z-1)^{\nu}}{\Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\nu)_k (\mu-\nu)_k}{(-2\nu)_k k!} \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2^{-\nu-1} (z-1)^{-\nu-1}}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)} \Gamma\left(-\nu-\frac{1}{2}\right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(\nu+1)_k (\mu+\nu+1)_k}{(2\nu+2)_k k!} \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k \right); \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| > 1 \wedge 2\nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0030.01

$$P_v^{\mu}(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(\frac{2^{\nu} (z-1)^{\nu}}{\Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\mu-\nu, -\nu; -2\nu; \frac{2}{1-z}\right) + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2^{-\nu-1} (z-1)^{-\nu-1}}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)} \Gamma\left(-\nu-\frac{1}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\nu+1, \mu+\nu+1; 2\nu+2; \frac{2}{1-z}\right) \right); z \notin (-1, 1) \wedge 2\nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0031.01

$$P_v^{\mu}(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \frac{z^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(\frac{2^{\nu} z^{\nu}}{\Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) + \frac{2^{-\nu-1} z^{-\nu-1}}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)} \Gamma\left(-\nu-\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) \right); (|z| \rightarrow \infty) \wedge 2\nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0032.01

$$P_n^{\mu}(z) = \frac{(-1)^n 2^{-n}}{n!} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2-2n}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(2n-k)! (-n)_k}{k! \Gamma(n-k-\mu+1)} \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.06.0033.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{\nu+1} \sin(\pi(\mu-\nu)) \Gamma(\mu+\nu+1)}{\pi \Gamma(-\nu) \Gamma(2\nu+2)} (z-1)^{-\nu-1} \log\left(\frac{z-1}{2}\right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(\nu+1, \mu+\nu+1; 2\nu+2; \frac{2}{1-z}\right) +$$

$$\frac{2^{-\nu} (z-1)^\nu}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{2\nu} \frac{(2\nu-k)! (-\nu)_k}{k! \Gamma(\nu-\mu-k+1)} \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k + \frac{2^{-\nu} \sin(\pi(\nu-\mu)) \sin(\pi\nu) \Gamma(\mu+\nu+1)}{\pi^{3/2} \Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{3}{2}\right)} (z-1)^{-\nu-1} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(\nu+1)_k (\mu+\nu+1)_k}{k! (2\nu+2)_k} (\psi(k+1) - \psi(k+\nu+1) + \psi(k+2\nu+2) - \psi(-k-\mu-\nu)) \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k ; 2\nu+1 \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \nu-\mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0034.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) \propto \frac{2^\nu \Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \frac{z^{\mu/2+\nu}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) + \frac{2^{\nu+1} \Gamma(\mu+\nu+1) \sin(\pi(\mu-\nu))}{\pi \Gamma(-\nu) \Gamma(2\nu+2)}$$

$$\frac{z^{\mu/2-\nu-1}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(\log\left(\frac{z}{2}\right) - \psi(-\mu-\nu) - \psi(\nu+1) + \psi(2\nu+2) - \gamma\right) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) ; 2\nu \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \nu-\mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0035.01

$$P_{-\frac{1}{2}}^\mu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos(\pi\mu) \Gamma\left(\mu+\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\pi^{3/2}} \frac{z^{\frac{\mu-1}{2}}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(\log(2z) - \psi\left(\frac{1}{2}-\mu\right) - \gamma\right) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) ; \mu + \frac{1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.06.0036.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(-1)^{\mu-\nu-1} 2^{\nu+1} (\mu+\nu)! (z-1)^{-\nu-1}}{(2\nu+1)! \Gamma(-\nu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(\nu+1, \mu+\nu+1; 2\nu+2; \frac{2}{1-z}\right) ; 2\nu+1 \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \mu-\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.06.0037.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) \propto \frac{(-1)^{\mu-\nu-1} 2^{\nu+1} (\mu+\nu)!}{(2\nu+1)! \Gamma(-\nu)} \frac{z^{\mu/2-\nu-1}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) ; (|z| \rightarrow \infty) \wedge 2\nu+1 \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \mu-\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.06.0038.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2^\nu \Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right) (z-1)^\nu}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\nu-\mu} \frac{(\mu-\nu)_k (-\nu)_k}{k! (-2\nu)_k} \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k - \frac{(-1)^{\nu-\mu} 2^{\nu+1} \Gamma(\mu+\nu+1) (z-1)^{-\nu-1}}{\Gamma(-\nu) \Gamma(2\nu+2)}$$

$$\frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(\nu+1, \mu+\nu+1; 2\nu+2; \frac{2}{1-z}\right) ; 2\nu+1 \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \nu-\mu \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge -\nu \leq \mu \leq \nu+1$$

07.08.06.0039.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) \propto \frac{2^\nu \Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \frac{z^{\mu/2+\nu}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) ; (|z| \rightarrow \infty) \wedge 2\nu+1 \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \nu-\mu \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge -\nu \leq \mu \leq \nu+1$$

07.08.06.0040.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(-1)^{2\nu} 2^{1-\mu} \sin(\pi\nu) \Gamma(1-\mu)}{\pi \Gamma(1-\mu-\nu) \Gamma(\nu-\mu+2)} (z-1)^{\mu-1} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_3F_2\left(1, 1, 1-\mu; 1-\mu-\nu, 2-\mu+\nu; \frac{2}{1-z}\right) +$$

$$\frac{2^\nu \Gamma\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} (z-1)^\nu \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{2\nu} \frac{(\mu-\nu)_k (-\nu)_k}{k! (-2\nu)_k} \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k + \frac{(-1)^{2\nu+1} 2^{\nu+1}}{(-\mu-\nu-1)! \Gamma(-\nu)} (z-1)^{-\nu-1} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{-\mu-\nu-1} \frac{(\nu+1)_k (\mu+\nu+1)_k}{k! (k+2\nu+1)!} \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k \left(\log\left(\frac{z-1}{2}\right) + \psi(k+1) - \psi(k+\nu+1) + \psi(k+2\nu+2) - \psi(-k-\mu-\nu)\right); 2\nu +$$

$$1 \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \nu - \mu \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \mu + \nu \leq 0$$

07.08.06.0041.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) \propto \frac{(-1)^{2\nu+1} 2^{\nu+1}}{(-\mu-\nu-1)! \Gamma(-\nu) \Gamma(2\nu+2)} \left(\log\left(\frac{z}{2}\right) - \psi(-\mu-\nu) - \psi(\nu+1) + \psi(2\nu+2) - \gamma\right) \frac{z^{\mu/2-\nu-1}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) +$$

$$\frac{2^\nu \Gamma\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \frac{z^{\mu/2+\nu}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) + \frac{(-1)^{2\nu} 2^{1-\mu} \sin(\pi\nu) \Gamma(1-\mu)}{\pi \Gamma(1-\mu-\nu) \Gamma(2-\mu+\nu)} \frac{z^{3\mu/2-1}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right);$$

$$(|z| \rightarrow \infty) \wedge 2\nu + 1 \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \nu - \mu \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \mu + \nu \leq 0$$

07.08.06.0042.01

$$P_{-\frac{1}{2}}^\mu(z) \propto \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\log(2z) - \psi\left(\frac{1}{2} - \mu\right) - \gamma}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \mu\right)} \frac{z^{\frac{\mu-1}{2}}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right); (|z| \rightarrow \infty) \wedge -\mu - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{N}$$

Asymptotic series expansions

Expansions at $\nu = -\frac{1}{2} + i\infty$

07.08.06.0056.01

$$P_{i\tau-\frac{1}{2}}^\mu(x) \propto \left(\frac{x+1}{2}\right)^{\mu/2} \tau^\mu J_{-\mu}(\tau\sqrt{2(x-1)}) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{\tau}\right)\right); (\tau \rightarrow \infty) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge 1 < x < 3$$

07.08.06.0057.01

$$P_{i\tau-\frac{1}{2}}^\mu(x) \propto \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} \left(\frac{x+1}{x-1}\right)^{\mu/2} \tau^{\mu-\frac{1}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi\left(\mu - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{\tau}{x-1} + \tau \log(2(x-1))\right) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{\tau}\right)\right); (\tau \rightarrow \infty) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x > 3$$

07.08.06.0058.01

$$P_{i\tau-\frac{1}{2}}^\mu(3) \propto \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \tau^\mu 2^{i\tau-\frac{1}{2}} J_{-\mu}(\tau\sqrt{2}) \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{\tau}\right)\right); (\tau \rightarrow \infty) \wedge \mu < 0$$

Integral representations

On the real axis

Of the direct function

07.08.07.0001.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(-1)^{-\nu} 2^{\mu-2\nu}}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu) \Gamma(\nu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2-\nu}} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{(t-1)^\nu}{(t+1)^{\mu+\nu+1}} \left(t - \frac{z+3}{z-1}\right)^\nu dt; -1 < \text{Re}(\nu) < -\text{Re}(\mu)$$

07.08.07.0002.01

$$P_\nu^m(z) = \frac{(-\nu)_m}{\pi} e^{\frac{m\pi i}{2}} \int_0^\pi \frac{\cos(mt)}{\left(z + \sqrt{z^2 - 1} \cos(t)\right)^{\nu+1}} dt ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

07.08.07.0003.01

$$P_\nu^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(-\mu)} (1 - z^2)^{\mu/2} \int_z^1 P_\nu(t) (t - z)^{-\mu-1} dt ; \operatorname{Re}(\mu) < 0$$

Integral representations of negative integer order

Rodrigues-type formula.

07.08.07.0004.01

$$P_\nu^m(z) = (-1)^m (1 - z^2)^{m/2} \frac{\partial^m P_\nu(z)}{\partial z^m} ; m \in \mathbb{N}$$

Differential equations

Ordinary linear differential equations and wronskians

For the direct function itself

07.08.13.0001.01

$$(1 - z^2) w''(z) - 2z w'(z) + \left(\nu(\nu + 1) - \frac{\mu^2}{1 - z^2} \right) w(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 P_\nu^\mu(z) + c_2 Q_\nu^\mu(z)$$

07.08.13.0002.02

$$W_z(P_\nu^\mu(z), Q_\nu^\mu(z)) = \frac{\Gamma(\mu + \nu + 1)}{(1 - z^2) \Gamma(-\mu + \nu + 1)}$$

07.08.13.0003.01

$$g'(z) w''(z) - \left(\frac{2g(z)g'(z)^2}{1 - g(z)^2} + g''(z) \right) w'(z) - \frac{(\mu^2 - \nu(\nu + 1)(1 - g(z)^2))g'(z)^3}{(1 - g(z)^2)^2} w(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 P_\nu^\mu(g(z)) + c_2 Q_\nu^\mu(g(z))$$

07.08.13.0004.01

$$W_z(P_\nu^\mu(g(z)), Q_\nu^\mu(g(z))) = \frac{\Gamma(\mu + \nu + 1)g'(z)}{(1 - g(z)^2) \Gamma(1 - \mu + \nu)}$$

07.08.13.0005.01

$$g'(z) h(z)^2 w''(z) - \left(\left(\frac{2g(z)g'(z)^2}{1 - g(z)^2} + g''(z) \right) h(z)^2 + 2g'(z)h'(z)h(z) \right) w'(z) + \left(-\frac{\mu^2 - \nu(\nu + 1)(1 - g(z)^2)}{(1 - g(z)^2)^2} h(z)^2 g'(z)^3 + 2h'(z)^2 g'(z) + h(z) \left(h'(z) \left(\frac{2g(z)g'(z)^2}{1 - g(z)^2} + g''(z) \right) - g'(z)h''(z) \right) \right) w(z) = 0 ; w(z) = c_1 h(z) P_\nu^\mu(g(z)) + c_2 h(z) Q_\nu^\mu(g(z))$$

07.08.13.0006.01

$$W_z(h(z) P_\nu^\mu(g(z)), h(z) Q_\nu^\mu(g(z))) = \frac{\Gamma(\mu + \nu + 1)h(z)^2 g'(z)}{(1 - g(z)^2) \Gamma(1 - \mu + \nu)}$$

07.08.13.0007.01

$$z^2 w''(z) - z \left(2s + \frac{r(a^2 z^{2r} + 1)}{1 - a^2 z^{2r}} - 1 \right) w'(z) + \left(-\frac{a^2 r^2 (\mu^2 + (a^2 z^{2r} - 1) \nu(\nu + 1)) z^{2r}}{(1 - a^2 z^{2r})^2} + s^2 + \frac{r s (a^2 z^{2r} + 1)}{1 - a^2 z^{2r}} \right) w(z) = 0 /;$$

$$w(z) = c_1 z^s P_\nu^\mu(a z^r) + c_2 z^s Q_\nu^\mu(a z^r)$$

07.08.13.0008.01

$$W_z(z^s P_\nu^\mu(a z^r), z^s Q_\nu^\mu(a z^r)) = \frac{a r z^{r+2s-1} \Gamma(\mu + \nu + 1)}{(1 - a^2 z^{2r}) \Gamma(-\mu + \nu + 1)}$$

07.08.13.0009.01

$$w''(z) - \frac{a^2 (\log(r) - 2 \log(s)) r^{2z} + \log(r) + 2 \log(s)}{1 - a^2 r^{2z}} w'(z) + \left(-\frac{a^2 (\mu^2 - (1 - a^2 r^{2z}) \nu(\nu + 1)) \log^2(r) r^{2z}}{(1 - a^2 r^{2z})^2} + \log^2(s) + \frac{(a^2 r^{2z} + 1) \log(r) \log(s)}{1 - a^2 r^{2z}} \right) w(z) =$$

$$0 /; w(z) = c_1 s^z P_\nu^\mu(a r^z) + c_2 s^z Q_\nu^\mu(a r^z)$$

07.08.13.0010.01

$$W_z(s^z P_\nu^\mu(a r^z), s^z Q_\nu^\mu(a r^z)) = \frac{a r^z s^{2z} \Gamma(\mu + \nu + 1) \log(r)}{(1 - a^2 r^{2z}) \Gamma(-\mu + \nu + 1)}$$

Transformations

Transformations and argument simplifications

Argument involving basic arithmetic operations

07.08.16.0001.01

$$P_{-\nu-1}^\mu(z) = P_\nu^\mu(z)$$

07.08.16.0002.01

$$P_\nu^{-m}(z) = \frac{(-1)^m (\nu - m)!}{(m + \nu)!} P_\nu^m(z) /; m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.16.0004.01

$$P_\nu^{-\mu}(z) = -\frac{1}{\pi} \Gamma(-\mu - \nu) \Gamma(\nu - \mu + 1) (\sin(\nu \pi) P_\nu^\mu(z) + \sin(\mu \pi) P_\nu^\mu(-z))$$

07.08.16.0003.01

$$P_\nu^\mu(-z) = -\csc(\pi \mu) \left(\sin(\pi \nu) P_\nu^\mu(z) + \frac{\pi}{\Gamma(-\mu - \nu) \Gamma(\nu - \mu + 1)} P_\nu^{-\mu}(z) \right)$$

07.08.16.0005.01

$$P_\nu^\mu(-z) = \cos((\mu + \nu) \pi) P_\nu^\mu(z) - \frac{2}{\pi} \sin((\mu + \nu) \pi) Q_\nu^\mu(z)$$

Identities

Recurrence identities

Consecutive neighbors

07.08.17.0001.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(2v+3)z}{\mu+v+1} P_{v+1}^\mu(z) + \frac{\mu-v-2}{v+\mu+1} P_{v+2}^\mu(z)$$

07.08.17.0002.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(2v-1)z}{v-\mu} P_{v-1}^\mu(z) - \frac{\mu+v-1}{v-\mu} P_{v-2}^\mu(z)$$

07.08.17.0003.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2z(1+\mu)}{(\mu(1+\mu)-v(1+v))\sqrt{1-z^2}} P_v^{\mu+1}(z) + \frac{1}{\mu(\mu+1)-v(v+1)} P_v^{\mu+2}(z)$$

07.08.17.0004.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2(1-\mu)z}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} P_v^{\mu-1}(z) + ((\mu-1)(\mu-2)-v(v+1)) P_v^{\mu-2}(z)$$

Distant neighbors

07.08.17.0009.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = C_n(v, \mu, z) P_{v+n}^\mu(z) + \frac{\mu-v-n-1}{n+\mu+v} C_{n-1}(v, \mu, z) P_{v+n+1}^\mu(z) ; C_0(v, \mu, z) = 1 \bigwedge$$

$$C_1(v, \mu, z) = \frac{(2v+3)z}{\mu+v+1} \bigwedge C_n(v, \mu, z) = \frac{z(2n+2v+1)}{n+\mu+v} C_{n-1}(v, \mu, z) + \frac{\mu-v-n}{n+\mu+v-1} C_{n-2}(v, \mu, z) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.17.0010.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = C_n(v, \mu, z) P_{v-n}^\mu(z) - \frac{\mu+v-n}{v-\mu-n+1} C_{n-1}(v, \mu, z) P_{v-n-1}^\mu(z) ; C_0(v, \mu, z) = 1 \bigwedge$$

$$C_1(v, \mu, z) = \frac{(2v-1)z}{v-\mu} \bigwedge C_n(v, \mu, z) = \frac{z(2n-2v-1)}{n+\mu-v-1} C_{n-1}(v, \mu, z) - \frac{\mu+v-n+1}{v-\mu-n+2} C_{n-2}(v, \mu, z) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.17.0011.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = C_n(v, \mu, z) P_v^{\mu+n}(z) + \frac{1}{(n+\mu-1)(n+\mu)-v(v+1)} C_{n-1}(v, \mu, z) P_v^{\mu+n+1}(z) ;$$

$$C_0(v, \mu, z) = 1 \bigwedge C_1(v, \mu, z) = \frac{2(\mu+1)z}{(\mu(\mu+1)-v(1+v))\sqrt{1-z^2}} \bigwedge C_n(v, \mu, z) =$$

$$\frac{2z(n+\mu)}{\sqrt{1-z^2}((n-1+\mu)(n+\mu)-v(1+v))} C_{n-1}(v, \mu, z) + \frac{1}{(n-2+\mu)(n-1+\mu)-v(1+v)} C_{n-2}(v, \mu, z) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.17.0012.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = C_n(v, \mu, z) P_v^{\mu-n}(z) + ((\mu-n-1)(\mu-n)-v(v+1)) C_{n-1}(v, \mu, z) P_v^{\mu-n-1}(z) ; C_0(v, \mu, z) = 1 \bigwedge$$

$$C_1(v, \mu, z) = \frac{2(1-\mu)z}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} \bigwedge C_n(v, \mu, z) = \frac{2z(n-\mu)}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} C_{n-1}(v, \mu, z) + ((\mu-n)(\mu-n+1)-v(v+1)) C_{n-2}(v, \mu, z) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Functional identities

Relations between contiguous functions

07.08.17.0005.01

$$(\mu + \nu) P_{\nu-1}^{\mu}(z) + (\nu - \mu + 1) P_{\nu+1}^{\mu}(z) = (2\nu + 1) z P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)$$

07.08.17.0006.01

$$P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z) = \frac{(\mu + \nu) P_{\nu-1}^{\mu}(z) + (\nu - \mu + 1) P_{\nu+1}^{\mu}(z)}{(2\nu + 1) z}$$

07.08.17.0007.01

$$P_{\nu}^{\mu+1}(z) - (\mu(\mu - 1) - \nu(\nu + 1)) P_{\nu}^{\mu-1}(z) + \frac{2\mu z}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z) = 0$$

07.08.17.0013.01

$$z(\mu + \nu + 1) P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z) + \sqrt{1-z} \sqrt{z+1} P_{\nu}^{\mu+1}(z) - (-\mu + \nu + 1) P_{\nu+1}^{\mu}(z) = 0$$

Pavlyk O. (2006)

07.08.17.0014.01

$$P_{\nu}^{\mu+1}(z) - z P_{\nu+1}^{\mu+1}(z) - \sqrt{1-z} \sqrt{z+1} (-\mu + \nu + 1) P_{\nu+1}^{\mu}(z) = 0$$

Pavlyk O. (2006)

Additional relations between contiguous functions

07.08.17.0008.01

$$P_{\nu}^{\mu+1}(z) P_{\nu_1}^{\mu_1+1}(z) - P_{\nu-1}^{\mu+1}(z) P_{\nu_1-1}^{\mu_1+1}(z) + (\nu - \mu)(\nu_1 - \mu_1) P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z) P_{\nu_1}^{\mu_1}(z) - (\mu + \nu)(\mu_1 + \nu_1) P_{\nu-1}^{\mu}(z) P_{\nu_1-1}^{\mu_1}(z) = 0$$

Differentiation

Low-order differentiation

With respect to ν

07.08.20.0001.01

$$\frac{\partial P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)}{\partial \nu} = \pi \cot(\pi \nu) P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z) - \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\nu)_k (\nu+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} (\psi(k-\nu) - \psi(k+\nu+1)) \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k /; \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| < 1 \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.20.0002.01

$$\frac{\partial P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)}{\partial \nu} = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k \sum_{j=1}^k S_k^{(j)} \nu^j \sum_{r=1}^k (-1)^r S_k^{(r)} \left(\frac{j}{\nu} + \frac{r}{\nu+1}\right) (\nu+1)^r /; \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| < 1$$

07.08.20.0003.01

$$\frac{\partial P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z)}{\partial \nu} = -\frac{2\nu+1}{2\Gamma(2-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2-1}} F_{2 \times 0 \times 2}^{2 \times 1 \times 3} \left(\begin{matrix} 1-\nu, \nu+2; 1; 1, -\nu, \nu+1; \\ 2, 2-\mu; \nu+2, 1-\nu; \end{matrix} \frac{1-z}{2}, \frac{1-z}{2} \right)$$

07.08.20.0004.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial v^2} = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-v)_k (v+1)_k}{k! \Gamma(k-\mu+1)} (\psi(k-v)^2 - 2(\pi \cot(\pi v) + \psi(k+v+1))\psi(k-v) + \psi(k+v+1)^2 + 2\pi \cot(\pi v)\psi(k+v+1) + \psi^{(1)}(k-v) + \psi^{(1)}(k+v+1)) \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k - \pi^2 P_v^\mu(z) ; \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| < 1$$

07.08.20.0005.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial v^2} = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k \sum_{i=1}^k v^{i-2} S_k^{(i)} \sum_{r=1}^k (-1)^r (v+1)^{r-2} ((r-1)rv^2 + i^2(v+1)^2 + ((2r-1)v-1)i(v+1)) S_k^{(r)} ; \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| < 1$$

With respect to μ

07.08.20.0006.01

$$\frac{\partial P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial \mu} = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-v)_k (v+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \psi(k-\mu+1) \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k + \frac{1}{2} (\log(1+z) - \log(1-z)) P_v^\mu(z) ; \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| < 1 \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.20.0007.01

$$\frac{\partial P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial \mu} = \left(\psi(1-\mu) - \frac{1}{2} (\log(1-z) - \log(1+z)) \right) P_v^\mu(z) - \frac{v(v+1)}{2(1-\mu)\Gamma(2-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2-1}} F_{2 \times 1 \times 2 \atop 2 \times 0 \times 1} \left(\begin{matrix} 1-v, v+2; 1, 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2}, \frac{1-z}{2} \\ 2, 2-\mu; 2-\mu \end{matrix} \right)$$

07.08.20.0008.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial \mu^2} = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-v)_k (v+1)_k}{k! \Gamma(k-\mu+1)} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k (\psi(k-\mu+1)^2 + (\log(1+z) - \log(1-z))\psi(k-\mu+1) - \psi^{(1)}(k-\mu+1)) + \frac{1}{4} (\log(1+z) - \log(1-z))^2 P_v^\mu(z) ; \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| < 1 \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

With respect to z

07.08.20.0009.01

$$\frac{\partial P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{z^2-1} (z v P_v^\mu(z) - (\mu+v) P_{v-1}^\mu(z))$$

07.08.20.0010.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial z^2} = \frac{2z(\mu+v) P_{v-1}^\mu(z) + (\mu^2 + ((v-1)z^2 - v - 1)v) P_v^\mu(z)}{(z^2-1)^2}$$

Symbolic differentiation

With respect to v

07.08.20.0011.02

$$\frac{\partial^m P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial v^m} = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1)k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k \sum_{j=0}^m \binom{m}{j} \sum_{i=1}^k S_k^{(i)}(i-j+1)_j v^{i-j} \sum_{r=1}^k (-1)^r S_k^{(r)}(j-m+r+1)_{m-j} (v+1)^{j-m+r} /;$$

$$\left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| < 1 \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}$$

With respect to z

07.08.20.0012.02

$$\frac{\partial^m P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial z^m} = \frac{(-1)^m (1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2+m}} \Gamma\left(\frac{\mu}{2}+1\right) \sum_{j=0}^m \binom{m}{j} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-j, \frac{\mu}{2}; \frac{\mu}{2}-j+1; \frac{z+1}{z-1}\right) {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(1, -v, v+1; j-m+1, 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2}\right) \left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^j /; m \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.20.0014.01

$$\frac{\partial^m P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial z^m} = \frac{\Gamma(1-\frac{\mu}{2})\Gamma(\mu+v+1)}{\Gamma(-\mu+v+1)} \sum_{k=0}^m \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^j 2^{2j-k} k! \binom{m}{k} \Gamma(-k+m-\mu+v+1)}{(k-j)!(2j-k)!\Gamma(1-j-\frac{\mu}{2})\Gamma(k-m+\mu+v+1)} z^{2j-k} (1-z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(-2j+k-m)} P_v^{k-m+\mu}(z) /;$$

$$m \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.20.0015.01

$$\frac{\partial^m P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial z^m} = \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^{m-k} z^{-k} (1-z^2)^{\frac{k-m}{2}} \binom{m}{k} (-\mu-v)_{m-k} {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(1, -k, \frac{\mu}{2}; \frac{1-k}{2}, 1-\frac{k}{2}; \frac{z^2}{z^2-1}\right) (1-\mu+v)_{m-k} P_v^{k-m+\mu}(z) /;$$

$$m \in \mathbb{N}$$

Fractional integro-differentiation

With respect to z

07.08.20.0013.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha P_v^\mu(z)}{\partial z^\alpha} = \frac{\mu}{2} z^{1-\alpha} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)! \left(\frac{\mu}{2}+1\right)_k z^k \tilde{F}_{1 \times 0 \times 2}^{1 \times 1 \times 3}\left(k+2; -\frac{\mu}{2}; -v, v+1, 1-\frac{\mu}{2}; -z, -\frac{z}{2}\right) +$$

$$\Gamma\left(1-\frac{\mu}{2}\right) z^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_k (-z)^k \tilde{F}_{2 \times 1 \times 1}^{3 \times 1 \times 1}\left(-v, v+1, 1-\frac{\mu}{2}; 1; k+1; \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{z}{2}\right)$$

Integration

Indefinite integration

Involving only one direct function

07.08.21.0001.01

$$\int P_v^\mu(z) dz = \frac{\mu}{2} z^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)! \left(\frac{\mu}{2}+1\right)_k z^k \tilde{F}_{1 \times 0 \times 2}^{1 \times 1 \times 3}\left(k+2; -\frac{\mu}{2}; -v, v+1, 1-\frac{\mu}{2}; -z, -\frac{z}{2}\right) +$$

$$\Gamma\left(1-\frac{\mu}{2}\right) z \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_k (-z)^k \tilde{F}_{2 \times 1 \times 1}^{3 \times 1 \times 1}\left(-v, v+1, 1-\frac{\mu}{2}; 1; k+1; \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{z}{2}\right)$$

Definite integration

Involving the direct function

07.08.21.0002.01

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_n^m(t)^2 dt = \frac{2(m+n)!}{(2n+1)(n-m)!} \quad ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \leq n$$

Orthogonality:

07.08.21.0003.01

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_n^m(t) P_l^m(t) dt = \frac{2(m+n)! \delta_{n,l}}{(2n+1)(n-m)!} \quad ; l \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Summation

Finite summation

07.08.23.0001.01

$$\sum_{m=-n}^n (-1)^m P_n^m(z) P_n^{-m}(z) = 1 \quad ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

07.08.23.0002.01

$$\sum_{m=-n}^n \frac{(n-m)! \cos(m(\phi - \phi_1))}{(m+n)!} P_n^m(\cos(\theta)) P_n^m(\cos(\theta_1)) = P_n(\cos(\theta) \cos(\theta_1) + \cos(\phi - \phi_1) \sin(\theta) \sin(\theta_1)) \quad ;$$

$$0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge 0 < \theta_1 < \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge 0 < \phi < \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge 0 < \phi_1 < \frac{\pi}{2} \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Operations

Limit operation

07.08.25.0001.01

$$\lim_{v \rightarrow \infty} v^{-\mu} P_v^\mu \left(\cos \left(\frac{z}{v} \right) \right) = J_{-\mu}(z)$$

Representations through more general functions

Through hypergeometric functions

Involving ${}_2\tilde{F}_1$

07.08.26.0001.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(-v, v+1; 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2} \right)$$

07.08.26.0003.01

$$P_v^m(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{m/2}}{(1-z)^{m/2}} 2^{-m} (-v)_m (v+1)_m {}_2\tilde{F}_1 \left(m-v, m+v+1; m+1; \frac{1-z}{2} \right) \quad ; m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.26.0032.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{2^\mu \sin(\pi v)}{\sin(\pi \mu)} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-\mu+v+1, -\mu-v; 1-\mu; \frac{z+1}{2}\right) - \frac{\pi(z+1)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2} \sin(\pi \mu) \Gamma(-\mu-v) \Gamma(-\mu+v+1)} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-v, v+1; \mu+1; \frac{z+1}{2}\right); \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.26.0004.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = 2^{-v} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2+v}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-v, -\mu-v; 1-\mu; \frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)$$

07.08.26.0033.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-v-1} \Gamma(-v-\frac{1}{2}) \Gamma(2v+2) (z-1)^{-v-1} (z+1)^{\mu/2}}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(-\mu-v) (1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(v+1, \mu+v+1; 2v+2; \frac{2}{1-z}\right) + \frac{2^v \Gamma(v+\frac{1}{2}) \Gamma(-2v) (z+1)^{\mu/2} (z-1)^v}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(v-\mu+1) (1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-v, \mu-v; -2v; \frac{2}{1-z}\right); z \notin (-1, 1) \wedge 2v \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.26.0034.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = 2^\mu \pi (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-v+1)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+v+2))} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+v+1), -\frac{1}{2}(\mu+v); \frac{1}{2}; z^2\right) - \frac{z}{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-v)) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+v+1))} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-v+1), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu+v+2); \frac{3}{2}; z^2\right) \right)$$

07.08.26.0035.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{2^{-v-3} (\cos(2\pi\mu) - \cos(2\pi v)) \sec(\pi v)}{\sqrt{\pi}} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \left(\frac{\Gamma(\mu+v+1)}{z} (-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu-v}{2}} \left(\csc\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu-v)\right) - \frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu-v)\right) \right) {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+v+1), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu+v+2); v+\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) + 2^{2v+1} \Gamma(\mu-v) \left(\csc\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu+v)\right) - \frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu+v)\right) \right) (-z^2)^{\frac{\mu+v}{2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-v), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu-v+1); \frac{1}{2}-v; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

Involving ${}_2F_1$

07.08.26.0005.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-v, v+1; 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2}\right); \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

07.08.26.0006.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu)}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)\Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-\nu, \nu+1; \mu+1; \frac{z+1}{2}\right) - \frac{2^\mu \sin(\pi\nu)\Gamma(\mu)}{\pi} (1-z^2)^{-\mu/2} {}_2F_1\left(\nu-\mu+1, -\mu-\nu; 1-\mu; \frac{z+1}{2}\right); \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.26.0036.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-\nu} (z+1)^{\frac{\mu}{2}+\nu}}{\Gamma(\mu)(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-\nu, -\mu-\nu; 1-\mu; \frac{z-1}{z+1}\right); \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.26.0007.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-\nu-1}\Gamma\left(-\nu-\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)} (z-1)^{-\nu-1} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(\nu+1, \mu+\nu+1; 2\nu+2; \frac{2}{1-z}\right) + \frac{2^\nu \Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}\Gamma(\nu-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2} (z-1)^\nu}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-\nu, \mu-\nu; -2\nu; \frac{2}{1-z}\right); z \notin (-1, 1) \wedge 2\nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.26.0037.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = 2^\mu \sqrt{\pi} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-\nu+1)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+\nu+2)\right)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+\nu+1), -\frac{1}{2}(\mu+\nu); \frac{1}{2}; z^2\right) - \frac{2z}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-\nu)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+\nu+1)\right)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-\nu+1), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu+\nu+2); \frac{3}{2}; z^2\right) \right)$$

07.08.26.0038.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-\nu-2} (\cos(2\pi\mu) - \cos(2\pi\nu))}{\pi\sqrt{\pi}} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \left(\frac{\Gamma(\mu+\nu+1)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-\nu\right)}{z(2\nu+1)} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu-\nu)\right) - \csc\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu-\nu)\right) \right) (-z^2)^{\frac{\mu-\nu}{2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+\nu+1), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu+\nu+2); \nu+\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) + 2^{2\nu} \Gamma(\mu-\nu)\Gamma\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu+\nu)\right) - \csc\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu+\nu)\right) \right) (-z^2)^{\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-\nu), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu-\nu+1); \frac{1}{2}-\nu; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

Through Meijer G

Classical cases for the direct function itself

07.08.26.0008.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{\pi} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(\frac{z-1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, \mu \end{matrix}\right); \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

07.08.26.0009.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = -\frac{1}{\pi} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \lim_{\nu \rightarrow n} \sin(\pi\nu) G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(\frac{z-1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, \mu \end{matrix}\right); n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Classical cases involving algebraic functions

07.08.26.0010.01

$$(z+1)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_v^\mu(2z+1) = -\frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{\pi} (-z)^{-\mu/2} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} -\nu, \nu+1 \\ 0, \mu \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

07.08.26.0011.01

$$(-z-1)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_v^\mu\left(\frac{z+2}{z}\right) = -\frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{z}\right)^{-\mu/2} (-z)^{-\mu/2} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1-\mu \\ -\nu, \nu+1 \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

07.08.26.0012.01

$$(z+1)^\nu P_v^\mu\left(\frac{1-z}{1+z}\right) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)\Gamma(-\nu)} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} 1-\frac{\mu}{2}+\nu, \frac{\mu}{2}+\nu+1 \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

07.08.26.0013.01

$$(z+1)^\nu P_v^\mu\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)\Gamma(-\nu)} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\mu}{2}+\nu+1, 1-\frac{\mu}{2}+\nu \\ \frac{\mu}{2}, -\frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, 0)$$

07.08.26.0014.01

$$(z+1)^{\nu/2} P_v^\mu\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1}}\right) = \frac{2^{-\nu-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)} G_{2,2}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}+1 \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

07.08.26.0015.01

$$(z+1)^{\nu/2} P_v^\mu\left(\sqrt{\frac{z}{z+1}}\right) = \frac{2^{-\nu-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}+1, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}+1 \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, 0)$$

Classical cases involving unit step θ

07.08.26.0016.01

$$\theta(1-|z|)(1-z)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_v^\mu(2z-1) = G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{\mu}{2}-\nu, 1-\frac{\mu}{2}+\nu \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

07.08.26.0017.01

$$\theta(|z|-1)(z-1)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_v^\mu\left(\frac{2}{z}-1\right) = G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} 1, 1-\mu \\ -\nu, \nu+1 \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

07.08.26.0018.01

$$\theta(1-|z|)(1-z)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_v^\mu(\sqrt{z}) = 2^\mu G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}+1, \frac{1-\mu-\nu}{2} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

07.08.26.0019.01

$$\theta(|z|-1)(z-1)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_v^\mu\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{z}}\right) = 2^\mu G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2}, 1-\frac{\mu}{2} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

07.08.26.0020.01

$$\frac{\theta(1-|z|)}{\sqrt{1-z}} \left(P_v^\mu(-\sqrt{1-z}) + P_v^\mu(\sqrt{1-z}) \right) = \frac{2^{\mu+1}\pi}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(1-\mu-\nu)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(2-\mu+\nu)\right)} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2} \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

07.08.26.0021.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z|-1)}{\sqrt{z-1}} \left(P_v^\mu\left(-\sqrt{\frac{z-1}{z}}\right) + P_v^\mu\left(\sqrt{\frac{z-1}{z}}\right) \right) = \frac{2^{\mu+1}\pi}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-\nu+1)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+\nu+2)\right)} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu+1}{2} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

Classical cases involving sgn

07.08.26.0022.01

$$\frac{((z-1)\operatorname{sgn}(|z|-1))^{\nu+\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{z}+1}} P_{\nu}^{\nu+\frac{1}{2}}\left(\frac{2\sqrt[4]{z}}{\sqrt{z}+1}\right) = \frac{2^{-\nu-\frac{3}{2}}}{\pi\Gamma(-2\nu-\frac{1}{2})\Gamma(-\nu)} G_{2,2}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, \nu+\frac{5}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

07.08.26.0023.01

$$\frac{((1-z)\operatorname{sgn}(1-|z|))^{-\mu}}{\sqrt{z+1}} P_{-\frac{1}{4}}^{\mu}\left(\frac{z^2-6z+1}{(z+1)^2}\right) = \frac{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}-\mu)}{2^{\mu}\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,2}^{1,1}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2}, \frac{1-3\mu}{2} \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, 0)$$

07.08.26.0024.01

$$\frac{((1-z)\operatorname{sgn}(1-|z|))^{\mu}}{\sqrt{z+1}} P_{-\frac{1}{4}}^{\mu}\left(-\frac{z^2-6z+1}{(z+1)^2}\right) = \frac{2^{-\mu-\frac{1}{2}}\Gamma(\mu+\frac{1}{2})\cos(\pi\mu)}{\pi^2\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}-2\mu)} G_{2,2}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\mu+1}{2}, \frac{1+3\mu}{2} \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

Generalized cases involving algebraic functions

07.08.26.0025.01

$$(z^2+1)^{\nu/2} P_{\nu}^{\mu}\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{z^2+1}}\right) = \frac{2^{-\nu-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}\Gamma(-\mu-\nu)} G_{2,2}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}+1, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}+1 \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

Generalized cases involving unit step θ

07.08.26.0026.01

$$\theta(1-|z|)(1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_{\nu}^{\mu}(z) = 2^{\mu} G_{2,2}^{2,0}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}+1, \frac{1-\mu-\nu}{2} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

07.08.26.0027.01

$$\theta(|z|-1)(z^2-1)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_{\nu}^{\mu}\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) = 2^{\mu} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2}, 1-\frac{\mu}{2} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); |z| < 0 \vee \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

07.08.26.0028.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z|-1)}{\sqrt{z^2-1}} \left(P_{\nu}^{\mu}\left(\frac{\sqrt{z^2-1}}{z}\right) + P_{\nu}^{\mu}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{z^2-1}}{z}\right) \right) = \frac{2^{\mu+1}\pi}{\Gamma(\frac{1-\mu-\nu}{2})\Gamma(\frac{\nu-\mu}{2}+1)} G_{2,2}^{0,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu+1}{2} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); |z| < 0 \vee \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

Generalized cases involving sgn

07.08.26.0029.01

$$\frac{(\operatorname{sgn}(|z|-1)(z^2-1))^{\nu+\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{z+1}} P_{\nu}^{\nu+\frac{1}{2}}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{z}}{z+1}\right) = \frac{2^{-\nu-\frac{3}{2}}}{\pi\Gamma(-2\nu-\frac{1}{2})\Gamma(-\nu)} G_{2,2}^{2,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, \nu+\frac{5}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right); |z| < 0 \vee \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

07.08.26.0030.01

$$\frac{(\operatorname{sgn}(|z| - 1)(z^2 - 1))^{v+\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{z+1}} P_v^{-v-\frac{1}{2}}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{z}}{z+1}\right) =$$

$$-\frac{\Gamma(v+1)}{2^{v+\frac{1}{2}}\sqrt{\pi}} \left(\cos\left(\pi\left(v+\frac{1}{4}\right)\right) G_{2,2}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} v+1, v+\frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) + \sin\left(\pi\left(v+\frac{1}{4}\right)\right) G_{2,2}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} v+\frac{5}{4}, v+1 \\ 0, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right) \right) /; \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

Through other functions

Involving some hypergeometric-type functions

07.08.26.0031.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(v+1)}{\Gamma(v-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} P_v^{(-\mu, \mu)}(z)$$

Involving spheroidal functions

07.08.26.0039.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = PS_{v, \mu}(0, z)$$

Representations through equivalent functions

With related functions

Involving Gegenbauer functions

07.08.27.0001.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-\mu} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \mu\right) \Gamma(\mu + v + 1)}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(1 - \mu + v)} (1 - z^2)^{-\mu/2} C_{\mu+v}^{\frac{1}{2}-\mu}(z)$$

Involving Legendre functions

07.08.27.0002.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{(z-1)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \mathbf{P}_v^\mu(z)$$

07.08.27.0013.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\operatorname{csc}(\mu\pi) \left(\sin(v\pi) \frac{(z-1)^{\mu/2}}{(z+1)^{\mu/2}} \mathbf{P}_v^\mu(-z) + \frac{\pi}{\Gamma(-\mu-v)\Gamma(v-\mu+1)} \frac{(z+1)^{\mu/2}}{(-z-1)^{\mu/2}} \mathbf{P}_v^{-\mu}(-z) \right)$$

07.08.27.0003.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = -\frac{2 \operatorname{csc}(\mu\pi)}{\pi} (\cos(\mu\pi) Q_v^\mu(z) - (v-\mu+1) {}_2 Q_v^{-\mu}(z)) /; \mu \notin \mathbf{Z}$$

07.08.27.0004.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2 \operatorname{csc}(\pi\mu)}{\pi^2} (\cos(\pi(\mu+v)) \sin(\pi(\mu-v)) \Gamma(\mu-v) \Gamma(\mu+v+1) Q_v^{-\mu}(-z) - \pi \cos(\pi v) Q_v^\mu(-z)) /; \mu \notin \mathbf{Z}$$

07.08.27.0005.01

$$P_v^\mu(x) = e^{\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x+i0} \mathbf{P}_v^\mu(z) /; x < -1$$

07.08.27.0006.01

$$P_v^\mu(x) = e^{-\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x+i0} P_v^\mu(z) /; x > 1$$

07.08.27.0007.01

$$P_v^\mu(x) = e^{\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} P_v^\mu(x) /; x < -1$$

07.08.27.0008.01

$$P_v^\mu(x) = e^{-\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} P_v^\mu(x) /; x > 1$$

07.08.27.0009.01

$$P_v^\mu(x) = e^{-\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x-i0} P_v^\mu(z) /; -1 < x < 1$$

07.08.27.0010.01

$$P_v^\mu(x) = e^{\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} P_v^\mu(x) /; -1 < x < 1$$

07.08.27.0011.01

$$P_v^\mu(x) = \frac{1}{\pi i} e^{-\pi i \mu} \left(e^{\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x-i0} Q_v^\mu(z) - e^{-\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x+i0} Q_v^\mu(z) \right) /; -1 < x < 1$$

Involving spherical harmonic functions

07.08.27.0012.01

$$P_v^\mu(z) = \frac{2 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{\Gamma(\mu + \nu + 1)}}{\sqrt{2\nu + 1} \sqrt{\Gamma(1 - \mu + \nu)}} Y_v^\mu(\cos^{-1}(z), 0)$$

Theorems

One infinite sum

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2n + 1) i^n \sum_{m=0}^n (2 - \delta_m) \frac{(n - m)!}{(n + m)!} \cos(\varphi - \alpha) P_n^m(\cos(\beta)) P_n^m(\cos(\vartheta)) J_{n+\frac{1}{2}}(|\mathbf{k}| |\mathbf{r}|) = e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}} /;$$

$$r = |\mathbf{r}| \{ \cos(\varphi) \sin(\vartheta), \sin(\varphi) \sin(\vartheta), \cos(\vartheta) \} \wedge \mathbf{k} = |\mathbf{k}| \{ \cos(\alpha) \sin(\beta), \sin(\alpha) \sin(\beta), \cos(\beta) \}$$

Eigenfunctions of the Schrödinger equation

Legendre functions P_n^m are eigenfunctions of the Schrödinger equation with reflectionless, shape invariant, supersymmetric potential: $-\frac{\partial^2 \psi(x)}{\partial x^2} - (n(n + 1) \operatorname{sech}^2(x)) \psi(x) = -m^2 \psi(x)$.

The solution of Dirichlet problem for Laplace equation in spherical coordinates

The solution of the Dirichlet problem $\psi(1, \phi, \vartheta) = \psi_0(\phi, \vartheta)$ for the $\Delta \psi(\phi, \vartheta) = 0$ on unit sphere in spherical coordinates is given by:

$$\psi(r, \phi, \vartheta) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^n \frac{2n + 1}{2\pi(1 + \delta_m)} \frac{(n - m)!}{(n + m)!} r^n P_n^m(\cos(\vartheta)) \int_0^\pi \left(\int_{-\pi}^\pi \psi_0(\tilde{\phi}, \tilde{\vartheta}) \cos(m(\phi - \tilde{\phi})) d\tilde{\phi} \right) P_n^m(\cos(\tilde{\vartheta})) \sin(\tilde{\vartheta}) d\tilde{\vartheta}$$

History

- D. Bernoulli (1748)
- A. M. Legendre (1782)
- E. Heine (1842)
- F. Neumann (1848)
- L. Schläfli (1881) used complex μ, ν
- E. Hobson (1896)

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