

# RiemannSiegelZ

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## Notations

### Traditional name

Riemann-Siegel function Z

### Traditional notation

$Z(z)$

### Mathematica StandardForm notation

`RiemannSiegelZ[z]`

## Primary definition

$$\text{10.04.02.0001.01} \\ Z(z) = e^{i \theta(z)} \zeta\left(i z + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

## Specific values

### Specialized values

$$\text{10.04.03.0001.01} \\ Z(x) = \pi^{-\frac{i x}{2}} \exp\left(i \operatorname{Im}\left(\log\Gamma\left(\frac{i x}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\right)\right)\right) \zeta\left(i x + \frac{1}{2}\right) /; x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{10.04.03.0002.01} \\ Z\left(\frac{i}{2} + 2 i k\right) = 0 /; k \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

$$\text{10.04.03.0003.01} \\ Z\left(-\frac{i}{2} - 2 i k\right) = 0 /; k \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

$$\text{10.04.03.0004.01} \\ Z\left(\frac{3 i}{2} + 2 i k\right) = \frac{i (-i)^k 2^{k-\frac{1}{2}} \pi^{k+1}}{(k+1) \sqrt{(2k+1)!}} B_{2k+2} /; k \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\text{10.04.03.0005.01} \\ Z\left(-\frac{3 i}{2} - 2 i k\right) = -\frac{i^{k+1} 2^{k-\frac{1}{2}} \pi^{k+1}}{(k+1) \sqrt{(2k+1)!}} B_{2k+2} /; k \in \mathbb{N}$$

## Values at fixed points

10.04.03.0006.01

$$Z(0) = \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

10.04.03.0007.01

$$Z\left(\frac{i}{2}\right) = \infty$$

10.04.03.0008.01

$$Z\left(\frac{3i}{2}\right) = \frac{i\pi}{6\sqrt{2}}$$

10.04.03.0009.01

$$Z\left(-\frac{i}{2}\right) = \infty$$

10.04.03.0010.01

$$Z\left(-\frac{3i}{2}\right) = -\frac{i\pi}{6\sqrt{2}}$$

## General characteristics

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### Domain and analyticity

$Z(z)$  is an analytical function of  $z$  which is defined over the whole complex  $z$ -plane.

10.04.04.0001.01

$$z \rightarrow Z(z) : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

### Symmetries and periodicities

#### Parity

$Z(z)$  is an even function.

10.04.04.0002.01

$$Z(-z) = Z(z)$$

#### Mirror symmetry

10.04.04.0003.01

$$Z(\bar{z}) = \overline{Z(z)} /; i z \notin \left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}\right) \wedge i z \notin \left(\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$$

#### Periodicity

No periodicity

### Poles and essential singularities

The function  $Z(z)$  does not have poles and essential singularities.

10.04.04.0004.01  
 $\text{Sing}_z(Z(z)) = \{\}$

### Branch points

The function  $Z(z)$  has infinitely many branch points:  $z = \pm i \left( \frac{1}{2} + 2k \right) /; k \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $z = \infty$ . All these are square root-type branch points.

10.04.04.0005.01  
 $\mathcal{BP}_z(Z(z)) = \left\{ \left\{ \frac{i}{2} + 2k i /; k \in \mathbb{N} \right\}, \left\{ -\frac{i}{2} - 2k i /; k \in \mathbb{N} \right\}, \infty \right\}$

10.04.04.0006.01  
 $\mathcal{R}_z\left(Z(z), \frac{i}{2} + 2k i\right) = 2 /; k \in \mathbb{N}$

10.04.04.0007.01  
 $\mathcal{R}_z\left(Z(z), -\frac{i}{2} - 2k i\right) = 2 /; k \in \mathbb{N}$

10.04.04.0008.01  
 $\mathcal{R}_z(Z(z), \infty) = 2$

### Branch cuts

The function  $Z(z)$  is a single-valued function on the  $z$ -plane cut along the intervals  $\{-i\infty, -\frac{i}{2}\}$  and  $\{\frac{i}{2}, i\infty\}$ . At  $i z \in \{-i\infty, -\frac{i}{2}\} \vee i z \in \{\frac{i}{2}, i\infty\}$  potentially multiple branch cuts are situated over each other (at  $i z$  there are  $\left[ \frac{i z}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \right]$ , respectively  $\left[ \frac{1}{4} - \frac{i z}{2} \right]$  branch cuts overlapping).

The function  $Z(z)$  is continuous from the left on the interval  $\{-i\infty, -\frac{i}{2}\}$  and from the right on the interval  $\{\frac{i}{2}, i\infty\}$ .

10.04.04.0009.01  
 $\mathcal{BC}_z(Z(z)) = \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ -i\infty, -\frac{i}{2} \right\}, 1 \right\}, \left\{ \left\{ \frac{i}{2}, i\infty \right\}, -1 \right\} \right\}$

10.04.04.0010.01  
 $\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} Z(x - \epsilon) = Z(x) /; i x > \frac{1}{2}$

10.04.04.0011.01  
 $\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} Z(x + \epsilon) = Z(x) \exp\left(i \pi \left[ \frac{1}{4} - \frac{i x}{2} \right]\right) /; i x > \frac{1}{2}$

10.04.04.0012.01  
 $\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} Z(x + \epsilon) = Z(x) /; i x < -\frac{1}{2}$

10.04.04.0013.01  
 $\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} Z(x - \epsilon) = Z(x) \exp\left(-i \pi \left[ \frac{i x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \right]\right) /; i x < -\frac{1}{2}$

### Series representations

## Generalized power series

Expansions at  $z = \frac{i}{2}$

10.04.06.0013.01

$$Z(z) \propto -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2i\left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right)}} \left( 1 - \frac{i}{2}(\gamma - \log(2\pi))\left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{48}(-6(\log(2\pi) + \gamma)(\gamma - 3\log(2\pi)) + \pi^2 + 48\zeta''(0))\left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{i}{96}(-18\gamma^2\log(2\pi) + (2\log^2(2\pi) + \pi^2 + 48\gamma_1)\log(2\pi) - 10\gamma^3 - \gamma(6(\log^2(2\pi) - 8\gamma_1) + \pi^2) - 96\gamma_2 + 16\zeta(3)) \right. \\ \left. \left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right)^3 + \dots \right) /; \left( z \rightarrow \frac{i}{2} \right)$$

10.04.06.0001.02

$$Z(z) \propto -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2i\left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right)}} \left( 1 - \frac{i}{2}(\gamma - \log(2\pi))\left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{48}(-6(\log(2\pi) + \gamma)(\gamma - 3\log(2\pi)) + \pi^2 + 48\zeta''(0))\left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{i}{96}(-18\gamma^2\log(2\pi) + (2\log^2(2\pi) + \pi^2 + 48\gamma_1)\log(2\pi) - 10\gamma^3 - \gamma(6(\log^2(2\pi) - 8\gamma_1) + \pi^2) - 96\gamma_2 + 16\zeta(3)) \left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right)^3 + O\left(\left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right)^4\right) \right)$$

10.04.06.0002.02

$$Z(z) \propto -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2i\left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right)}} \left( 1 + O\left(z-\frac{i}{2}\right) \right)$$

Expansions at  $z = -\frac{i}{2}$

10.04.06.0014.01

$$Z(z) \propto -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-2i\left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right)}} \left( 1 + \frac{i}{2}(\gamma - \log(2\pi))\left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{48}(-6(\log(2\pi) + \gamma)(\gamma - 3\log(2\pi)) + \pi^2 + 48\zeta''(0))\left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{i}{96}(-18\gamma^2\log(2\pi) + (2\log^2(2\pi) + \pi^2 + 48\gamma_1)\log(2\pi) - 10\gamma^3 - \gamma(6(\log^2(2\pi) - 8\gamma_1) + \pi^2) - 96\gamma_2 + 16\zeta(3)) \left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right)^3 + \dots \right) /; \left( z \rightarrow -\frac{i}{2} \right)$$

10.04.06.0003.02

$$Z(z) \propto -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 i \left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right)}} \left(1 + \frac{i}{2} (\gamma - \log(2 \pi)) \left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{48} (-6 (\log(2 \pi) + \gamma) (\gamma - 3 \log(2 \pi)) + \pi^2 + 48 \zeta''(0)) \left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{i}{96} (-18 \gamma^2 \log(2 \pi) + (2 \log^2(2 \pi) + \pi^2 + 48 \gamma_1) \log(2 \pi) - 10 \gamma^3 - \gamma (6 (\log^2(2 \pi) - 8 \gamma_1) + \pi^2) - 96 \gamma_2 + 16 \zeta(3)) \left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right)^3 + O\left(\left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right)^4\right)\right)$$

10.04.06.0004.02

$$Z(z) \propto -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-2 i \left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right)}} \left(1 + O\left(z+\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)$$

**Expansions at  $z = z_0$  /;  $z_0 \neq -n$**

10.04.06.0005.02

$$Z(z) \propto Z(z_0) \left(1 - \frac{i}{4} \left(2 \log(\pi) - \psi\left(\frac{i z_0}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\right) - \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i z_0}{2}\right) - \frac{4 \zeta'\left(i z_0 + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\zeta\left(i z_0 + \frac{1}{2}\right)}\right) (z - z_0) + \frac{1}{4 \zeta\left(i z_0 + \frac{1}{2}\right)} \left( \frac{1}{8} \left( 2 \left( \zeta\left(2, \frac{1}{4} - \frac{i z_0}{2}\right) - \zeta\left(2, \frac{i z_0}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \right) - \left( \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{i z_0}{2}\right) + \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i z_0}{2}\right) - 2 \log(\pi) \right)^2 \right) \zeta\left(i z_0 + \frac{1}{2}\right) - \left( \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{i z_0}{2}\right) + \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i z_0}{2}\right) - 2 \log(\pi) \right) \zeta'\left(i z_0 + \frac{1}{2}\right) - 2 \zeta''\left(i z_0 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) (z - z_0)^2 + O((z - z_0)^3) \right) /; (z \rightarrow z_0) \wedge n \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

**Expansions at  $z = \frac{i}{2} + 2 i k$**

10.04.06.0006.01

$$Z(z) \propto (-1)^k 2^{-2k-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \log \Gamma(k+\frac{1}{2})} \pi^{\frac{1}{4}-k} (2k)! \zeta(2k+1) \left( \prod_{j=0}^{k-1} \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+4j+2iz}} \right) \sqrt{i \left( z - \frac{i}{2} - 2ik \right)} \\ \left( 1 - \frac{i}{4\zeta(2k+1)} \left( \left( 4\psi(2k+1) + \gamma - 2\log(4\pi) - \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) \zeta(2k+1) + 4\zeta'(2k+1) \right) \left( z - \frac{i}{2} - 2ik \right) - \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{32\zeta(2k+1)} \left( \zeta(2k+1) \left( 4\log^2(\pi) - 16\log(2\pi)\log(\pi) + 4\gamma\log(\pi) + \gamma^2 - \pi^2 + 16\log^2(2\pi) + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 16\psi(2k+1)^2 - 8\gamma\log(2\pi) + 8(-\log(16) - 2\log(\pi) + \gamma)\psi(2k+1) + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right) (\log(256) + 4\log(\pi) - 8\psi(2k+1) - 2\gamma) + 16\psi^{(1)}(2k+1) - 2\zeta\left(2, k+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. 8 \left( -\log(16) - 2\log(\pi) - \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right) + 4\psi(2k+1) + \gamma \right) \zeta'(2k+1) + 16\zeta''(2k+1) \right) \\ \left( z - \frac{i}{2} - 2ik \right)^2 + O\left(\left( z - \frac{i}{2} - 2ik \right)^3\right) \Bigg) /; \left( z \rightarrow \frac{i}{2} + 2ik \right) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

10.04.06.0007.01

$$Z(z) \propto (-1)^k 2^{-2k-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \log \Gamma(k+\frac{1}{2})} \pi^{\frac{1}{4}-k} (2k)! \zeta(2k+1) \left( \prod_{j=0}^{k-1} \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+4j+2iz}} \right) \sqrt{2i \left( z - \frac{i}{2} - 2ik \right)} \left( 1 + O\left(z - \frac{i}{2} - 2ik\right) \right) /; \\ \left( z \rightarrow \frac{i}{2} + 2ik \right) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

**Expansions at  $z = -\frac{i}{2} - 2ik$**

10.04.06.0008.01

$$Z(z) \propto (-1)^k 2^{-2k-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \log \Gamma(k+\frac{1}{2})} \pi^{\frac{1}{4}-k} (2k)! \zeta(2k+1) \left( \prod_{j=0}^{k-1} \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+4j-2iz}} \right) \sqrt{-2i \left( z + \frac{i}{2} + 2ik \right)} \\ \left( 1 + \frac{i}{4\zeta(2k+1)} \left( \left( 4\psi(2k+1) + \gamma - 2\log(4\pi) - \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) \zeta(2k+1) + 4\zeta'(2k+1) \right) \left( z + \frac{i}{2} + 2ik \right) - \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{32\zeta(2k+1)} \left( \zeta(2k+1) \left( 4\log^2(\pi) - 16\log(2\pi)\log(\pi) + 4\gamma\log(\pi) + \gamma^2 - \pi^2 + 16\log^2(2\pi) + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 16\psi(2k+1)^2 - 8\gamma\log(2\pi) + 8(-\log(16) - 2\log(\pi) + \gamma)\psi(2k+1) + \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right) (\log(256) + 4\log(\pi) - 8\psi(2k+1) - 2\gamma) + 16\psi^{(1)}(2k+1) - 2\zeta\left(2, k+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. 8 \left( -\log(16) - 2\log(\pi) - \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right) + 4\psi(2k+1) + \gamma \right) \zeta'(2k+1) + 16\zeta''(2k+1) \right) \\ \left( z + \frac{i}{2} + 2ik \right)^2 + O\left(\left( z + \frac{i}{2} + 2ik \right)^3\right) \Bigg) /; \left( z \rightarrow -\frac{i}{2} - 2ik \right) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

**10.04.06.0009.01**

$$Z(z) \propto (-1)^k 2^{-2k-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \log \Gamma(k+\frac{1}{2})} \pi^{\frac{1}{4}-k} (2k)! \zeta(2k+1) \left( \prod_{j=0}^{k-1} \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+4j-2iz}} \right) \sqrt{-2i \left( z + \frac{i}{2} + 2ik \right)} \left( 1 + O\left(z + \frac{i}{2} + 2ik\right) \right);$$

$$\left( z \rightarrow -\frac{i}{2} - 2ik \right) \bigwedge k \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

## Asymptotic series expansions

**10.04.06.0010.01**

$$Z(x) \propto 2 \sum_{k=1}^y \frac{\cos(\vartheta(x) - x \log(k))}{\sqrt{k}} + (-1)^{y-1} \sqrt[4]{2\pi}$$

$$\left( \frac{\Omega(p)}{\sqrt[4]{x}} - \frac{\Omega^{(3)}(p)}{48\sqrt{2}\pi^{3/2}} x^{-3/4} + 2\pi \left( \frac{\Omega''(p)}{64\pi^2} + \frac{\Omega^{(6)}(p)}{18432\pi^4} \right) x^{-5/4} - (2\pi)^{3/2} \left( \frac{\Omega'(p)}{64\pi^2} + \frac{\Omega^{(5)}(p)}{3840\pi^4} + \frac{\Omega^{(9)}(p)}{5308416\pi^6} \right) x^{-7/4} \right);$$

$$\nu = \left\lceil \sqrt{\frac{x}{2\pi}} \right\rceil \bigwedge p = \sqrt{\frac{x}{2\pi}} - \nu \bigwedge \Omega(p) = \frac{1}{\cos(2\pi p)} \cos\left(2\pi\left(p^2 - p - \frac{1}{16}\right)\right) \bigwedge x \in \mathbb{R} \bigwedge (x \rightarrow \infty)$$

**10.04.06.0011.01**

$$Z(z) \propto 4^{-\frac{iz}{4}} \exp\left(-\frac{i(4z^2 + \pi\sqrt{z^2})}{8z}\right) \pi^{-\frac{iz}{2}} (z^2)^{\frac{iz}{4}}$$

$$\left( 1 + \frac{3i}{16z} - \frac{9}{512z^2} + \frac{183i}{8192z^3} - \frac{2277}{524288z^4} + \frac{212829i}{8388608z^5} - \frac{1364445}{268435456z^6} + \frac{326341455i}{4294967296z^7} - \frac{8198081325}{549755813888z^8} + \frac{3781776345585i}{8796093022208z^9} - \frac{23339010744567}{281474976710656z^{10}} + \frac{17654423117199729i}{4503599627370496z^{11}} - \frac{215619469740469809}{288230376151711744z^{12}} + \frac{241858525676475612513i}{4611686018427387904z^{13}} - \frac{1468114834103562061701}{147573952589676412928z^{14}} + \frac{2284179415871077852696767i}{2361183241434822606848z^{15}} + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{16}}\right) \right) \zeta\left(i z + \frac{1}{2}\right); |\arg(z^2)| < \pi \bigwedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

**10.04.06.0012.01**

$$Z(z) \propto 4^{-\frac{iz}{4}} \exp\left(-\frac{i(4z^2 + \pi\sqrt{z^2})}{8z}\right) \pi^{-\frac{iz}{2}} (z^2)^{\frac{iz}{4}} \zeta\left(i z + \frac{1}{2}\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right); |\arg(z^2)| < \pi \bigwedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## Identities

### Recurrence identities

**10.04.17.0001.01**

$$Z(z+2i) = \frac{4\pi\zeta\left(i z - \frac{3}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{1-2iz}\sqrt{2iz-3}\zeta\left(i z + \frac{1}{2}\right)} Z(z)$$

**10.04.17.0002.01**

$$Z(z + 2i n) = \frac{(4\pi)^n \zeta\left(i(2in + z) + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\left(\prod_{k=1}^n \sqrt{(4k - 2iz - 3)(1 - 4k + 2iz)}\right) \zeta\left(iz + \frac{1}{2}\right)} Z(z) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

**10.04.17.0003.01**

$$Z(z - 2i) = \frac{\sqrt{-2iz - 3} \sqrt{2iz + 1} \zeta\left(iz + \frac{5}{2}\right)}{4\pi \zeta\left(iz + \frac{1}{2}\right)} Z(z)$$

**10.04.17.0004.01**

$$Z(z - 2in) = \frac{(4\pi)^{-n} \zeta\left(2n + iz + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\zeta\left(iz + \frac{1}{2}\right)} \left( \prod_{k=1}^n \sqrt{(-13 + 4k - 2iz)(15 - 4k + 2iz)} \right) Z(z) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## Differentiation

### Low-order differentiation

**10.04.20.0001.01**

$$\frac{\partial Z(z)}{\partial z} = Z(z) \left[ \frac{i}{4} \left( -2 \log(\pi) + \psi\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\right) + \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{iz}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{\zeta'(iz + \frac{1}{2})}{\zeta(iz + \frac{1}{2})} \right]$$

**10.04.20.0002.01**

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 Z(z)}{\partial z^2} &= \frac{1}{16} Z(z) \left( 2 \left( \psi^{(1)}\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{iz}{2}\right) - \psi^{(1)}\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{iz}{2}\right) \right) - \left( \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{iz}{2}\right) + \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{iz}{2}\right) - 2 \log(\pi) \right)^2 - \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{8}{\zeta(iz + \frac{1}{2})} \zeta'\left(iz + \frac{1}{2}\right) \left( \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{iz}{2}\right) + \psi\left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{iz}{2}\right) - 2 \log(\pi) \right) - \frac{16}{\zeta(iz + \frac{1}{2})} \zeta''\left(iz + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

### Symbolic differentiation

**10.04.20.0003.02**

$$\frac{\partial^n Z(z)}{\partial z^n} = Z(z) \sum_{k=0}^n \sum_{m=0}^k \sum_{j=0}^m \frac{(-1)^j i^{m+n-k} \partial(z)^j}{m! \zeta(iz + \frac{1}{2})} \binom{n}{k} \binom{m}{j} \frac{\partial^k \partial(z)^{m-j}}{\partial z^k} \zeta^{(n-k)}\left(iz + \frac{1}{2}\right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## Integration

### Definite integration

**10.04.21.0001.01**

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{(3 - \sqrt{8} \cos(\log(2)t)) Z(t)^2}{t^2 + \frac{1}{4}} dt = \pi \log(2)$$

## Representations through equivalent functions

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## With related functions

10.04.27.0001.01

$$Z(z) = e^{i \delta(z)} \zeta\left(i z + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

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## History

- B. Riemann (1859)
- C. L. Siegel (1932)

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